



**Max Perlès**  
advanced industrial linings



*technical manual  
oil & gaz*

*PETROPERL systems*

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The Oil & Gas industry  
and “*max perles*” *inside coatings for tanks and reservoirs*

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Note 1:  
We also propose double envelope coatings for underground hydrocarbon-containing tanks. Please consult us.

Note 2:  
Specific systems have been designed for the vapor barrier component of insulating containment systems for concrete on-land LNG storage tanks. Please consult us.



# The Oil & Gas INDUSTRY and *max perlès* interior coatings for tanks and reservoirs

## Why protect the interior of tanks and reservoirs?

### Optimized Asset Management :

To prevent or to stop the degradation of infrastructure, hence significantly increasing its life expectancy and operating period, therefore generating a *positive return on the investment in the coating*.

### Functionally:

To apply a *sealed barrier* between corrosive agents present in hydrocarbons (such as sulphides resulting from the presence of sulphate-reducing bacteria or aqueous residues) and the steel.

### Technically:

- To facilitate maintenance by simple, low-cost cleaning operations thanks to the smooth, glossy and homogeneous finish of our coatings.
- To benefit from the advantages of a material chemically resistant to contact with the stored hydrocarbons, in accordance with applicable health and toxicological regulations.

## Advantages of max perles coatings :

### Health and Safety :

They are ***solvent-free*** and with very low VOC content

### Quality Assurance :

Our Research & Development and Technical Assistance Departments work in collaboration to develop our products' reliability, as well as to fine-tune new products, for a quality that we strive to always improve – *a must for ISO 9001-2015 certification* – to better meet the users' expectations and those of an *environment* more and more strictly governed by *regulations*.

### Technical Assistance :

Our Technical Assistance Department offers upon request training or advice to application companies by assisting them before and/or during their work. It also operates post-application visits upon request by the Applicator or the end customer to detect possible defects.

### Recognition from the professional trade:

Our coatings and linings are tested by laboratories approved by the oil companies.

### Warranties:

## The expression of reliability

Max Perlès coating systems are guaranteed for the duration indicated on the specification supplied for each project . This guarantee is based on a specific *Insurance Policy* issued by a world-class Insurance Company . Our Application partners , once trained by us , should supply a similar guarantee on their workmanship . The end customer can then request from the manufacturer/applicator partnership a *Joint Guarantee* indicating that any failure of the coating during the warranty period resulting from bad product quality or its incorrect application will be corrected free of charge for the client.

UPWARDS OF 10 MILLION SQM OF CAPACITIES HAVE BEEN PROTECTED WITH  
OUR PRODUCTS OVER THE LAST 60 YEARS.

## Technical specification

# Internal protection of oil and gas storage tanks general specification

### ***Introduction***

This specification describes our solutions for protecting the interior of metallic hydrocarbon storage tanks within the limits of the indicated temperatures and depending on their eventual corrosion degree.

It is completed by the product Data Sheets in Appendix 1 and by the Technical Advices describing how to apply them and how to check their application in Appendix 2.

Lastly, the reference list can be used to evaluate the variety and age of the MAX PERLES coatings that have been applied.

### ***Surface preparation***

The environmental conditions, steel preparation, sand-blasting, eventual application of stand-by primer and treatment of any special points are described in Technical Advice nr 2 "Specification for steel preparation".

### ***Choice of max perles coatings***

Our coatings can be applied as **single-layer anti-corrosion protection** or **reinforced with fiberglass**.

The choice between these two solutions, and therefore the choice of the final thickness of the coating, **will depend on the degree of existing corrosion of the substrate**.

### ***Performance testing and retouching***

These controls must be carried out to check the efficiency of the implementation of the coating. They are carried out by the Application company or by the client, or by both jointly, both during and after the application.

They are executed according to the processes described in **Technical Advices Nr.3 "Performance testing"** and **Nr.4 "Dielectric testing"**.

The appropriate corrective action is described in **Technical Advice Nr.5 "Retouching"**.

### ***Delay before commissioning***

It depends on the coating's curing temperature, i.e:

- at 10°C: 10 days
- at 20°C: 7 days
- at 30°C: 4 days
- at 40°C: 3 days

We also propose our system "**3D**" for what is called **double-wall protection** i.e. allowing leak detection.

Please consult us.



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## sheet ex.nr.100B Petroperl® 600μ, on Sa 2.5 and ED1

### Anti-corrosion protective coating

*made of:* single-layer solventfree epoxy

*for:* tanks and reservoirs

*in contact with:* petroleum products, fuels and oils, greases and paraffin hydrocarbons at  $t^\circ \leq 80^\circ\text{C}$

*substrate:* new steel or existing steel in a very good surface state<sup>(1)</sup> (that must be insulated or reinforced if  $t^\circ \geq 60^\circ\text{C}$ )

*Preparation as per Technical Advice nr.2*

*"Specification for preparation of steel", and as a minimum:*

- ◆ Grinding of barbs and welding projections until elimination, and of weld beads and sharp angles for softening
- ◆ Blasting<sup>(2)</sup> by any appropriate means to obtain minimim Sa 2.5 standard, with an average Medium G - Rt 50-75 microns profile
- ◆ Removal of dust with industrial vacuum cleaner
- ◆ Application while progressing and before any flash-rusting, of one stand-by coat of Varnish ED1, solvent borne epoxy, 30 μm dry film, 100 g/sqm

*Coating Petroperl® – thickness 0.6 mm:*

- ◆ Application of Petroperl® T:  
In 1 layer using airless spray 45/1 minimum,  
Theoretical consumption: 800 g/sqm for 600 microns
- ◆ Checking as per *Technical Advice nr.3 "Performance testing"* and *nr.4 "Dielectric testing"*
- ◆ Repair of defects as per *Technical Advice nr.5 "Retouching"*

*Application conditions:* In accordance with the rules of the art and the indications of our data sheets and technical advices.

A loss factor has to be added for practical consumption, about 15%, according to means and methods used.

*Guarantee: 5 years.*

In accordance with Circular G32 of the OHGPI.

This proposal is based on our n°FA0095300, products civil liability insurance policy "after delivery", within its terms and limitations  
To become effective, it must have been formalised in a duly signed guarantee commitment certificate.



- (1) This specification is for works to a maximum of state D according to standard ISO 8501-1: If corrosion exceeds the state D, the implementation of a reinforced with glassfiber Petroperl® R structure is necessary before the application of the topcoat Petroperl® T.
- (2) In case of sweating of steel plates loaded with oily products, observe a 48 h delay after blasting before application. If brown stains appear within the 48h, a new blasting of the affected areas must be done until they disappear.



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## sheet ex.nr.101B Petroperl® 800μ, on Sa 2.5 and ED1

### Anti-corrosion protective coating

*made of:* single-layer solventfree epoxy

*for:* tanks and reservoirs

*in contact with:* petroleum products, fuels and oils, greases and paraffin hydrocarbons at  $80^{\circ}\text{C} < t^{\circ} \leq 95^{\circ}\text{C}$

*substrate:* new steel or existing steel in a very good surface state<sup>(1)</sup> (that must be insulated or reinforced if  $t^{\circ} \geq 60^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

*Preparation as per Technical Advice nr.2*

*"Specification for preparation of steel", and as a minimum:*

- ◆ Grinding of barbs and welding projections until elimination, and of weld beads and sharp angles for softening
- ◆ Blasting<sup>(2)</sup> by any appropriate means to obtain minimum Sa 2.5 standard, with an average Medium G - Rt 50-75 microns profile
- ◆ Removal of dust with industrial vacuum cleaner
- ◆ Application while progressing and before any flash-rusting, of one stand-by coat of Varnish ED1, solvent borne epoxy, 30 μm dry film, 100 g/sqm

*Coating Petroperl® – thickness 0.8 mm:*

- ◆ Application of Petroperl® T:  
In 1 layer using airless spray 45/1 minimum,  
Theoretical consumption: 1100 g/sqm for 800 microns
- ◆ Checking as per *Technical Advice nr.3 "Performance testing"* and *nr.4 "Dielectric testing"*
- ◆ Repair of defects as per *Technical Advice nr.5 "Retouching"*

*Application conditions:* In accordance with the rules of the art and the indications of our data sheets and technical advices.

A loss factor has to be added for practical consumption, about 15%, according to means and methods used.

*Guarantee: 7 years.*

In accordance with Circular G32 of the OHGPI.

This proposal is based on our n°FA0095300, products civil liability insurance policy "after delivery", within its terms and limitations  
To become effective, it must have been formalised in a duly signed guarantee commitment certificate.

(1) This specification is for works to a maximum of state D according to standard ISO 8501-1:

If corrosion exceeds the state D, the implementation of a reinforced with glassfiber Petroperl® R structure is necessary before the application of the topcoat Petroperl® T.

(2) In case of sweating of steel plates loaded with oily products, observe a 48 h delay after blasting before application.

If brown stains appear within the 48h, a new blasting of the affected areas must be done until they disappear.



## sheet ex.nr.102B **Petroperl® 1000μ, on Sa2.5 and ED1**

### Anti-corrosion protective coating

- made of:* single-layer solventfree epoxy
- for:* tanks and reservoirs
- in contact with:* petroleum products, fuels and oils, greases and paraffin hydrocarbons at  $t \leq 95^\circ\text{C}$
- substrate:* new steel or existing steel in a very good surface state<sup>(1)</sup> (that must be insulated or reinforced if  $t^\circ \geq 60^\circ\text{C}$ )

#### Preparation as per [Technical Advice nr.2](#)

"Specification for preparation of steel", and as a minimum:

- ◆ Grinding of barbs and welding projections until elimination, and of weld beads and sharp angles for softening
- ◆ Blasting<sup>(2)</sup> by any appropriate means to obtain minimum Sa 2.5 standard, with an average Medium G - Rt 50-75 microns profile
- ◆ Removal of dust with industrial vacuum cleaner
- ◆ Application while progressing and before any flash-rusting, of one stand-by coat of Varnish ED1, solvent borne epoxy, 30 μm dry film, **100 g/sqm**

#### Coating Petroperl® – thickness 1 mm:

- ◆ Application of Petroperl® T:  
In 1 layer using airless spray 45/1 minimum,  
Theoretical consumption: **1350 g/sqm** for **1000 microns**
- ◆ Checking as per [Technical Advice nr.3](#) "Performance testing" and [nr.4](#) "Dielectric testing"
- ◆ Repair of defects as per [Technical Advice nr.5](#) "Retouching"

*Application conditions:* In accordance with the rules of the art and the indications of our data sheets and technical advices.

A loss factor has to be added for practical consumption, **about 15%**, according to means and methods used.

*Guarantee: 10 years.*

In accordance with Circular G32 of the OHGPI.

This proposal is based on our n°FA0095300, products civil liability insurance policy "after delivery", within its terms and limitations  
To become effective, it must have been formalised in a duly signed guarantee commitment certificate.



- (1) This specification is for works to a maximum of state D according to standard ISO 8501-1 :  
If corrosion exceeds the state D, the implementation of a reinforced with glassfiber Petroperl® R structure is necessary before the application of the topcoat Petroperl® T.
- (2) In case of sweating of steel plates loaded with oily products, observe a 48 h delay after blasting before application.  
If brown stains appear within the 48h, a new blasting of the affected areas must be done until they disappear.



Max

Perlès Naphtoperl® T 1000µ, on Sa2.5 and Primer

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manual

sheet ex.nr.203B

Naphtoperl® T 1000µ, on Sa2.5 and Primer

## Anti-corrosion protective coating

*made of:* single-layer solventfree epoxy

*for:* tanks and reservoirs

*in contact with:* petroleum products including ethanol-containing up to E25, fuels and oils, greases and paraffin hydrocarbons at  $t \leq 60^\circ\text{C}$   
Superethanol max E85 –  $t < 25^\circ\text{C}$

*substrate:* new steel or existing steel in a very good surface state<sup>(1)</sup> (that must be insulated or reinforced if  $t^\circ \geq 60^\circ\text{C}$ )

### Preparation as per Technical Advice nr.2

"Specification for preparation of steel", and as a minimum:

- |                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| ◆ Grinding                | of barbs and welding projections until elimination,  |
| ◆ Blasting <sup>(2)</sup> | and of weld beads and sharp angles for softening by any appropriate means to obtain minimum Sa 2.5 standard, with an average Medium G - Rt 50-75 microns profile |
| ◆ Removal                 | of dust with industrial vacuum cleaner   |
| ◆ Application             | while progressing and before any flash-rusting, of one stand-by coat of Varnish ED1, solvent borne epoxy, 30 µm dry film, 100 g/sqm                              |

### Coating Naphtoperl T® – thickness 1 mm:

- |               |   |
|---------------|---|
| ◆ Application | of Naphtoperl® T:<br>In 1 layer using airless spray 45/1 minimum,<br>Theoretical consumption: 1500 g/sqm for 1000 microns |
| ◆ Checking    | as per Technical Advice nr.3 "Performance testing" and nr.4 "Dielectric testing"  |
| ◆ Repair      | of defects as per Technical Advice nr.5 "Retouching"  |

*Application conditions:* In accordance with the rules of the art and the indications of our data sheets and technical advices.

A loss factor has to be added for practical consumption, about 15%, according to means and methods used.

*Guarantee: 10 years.*

In accordance with Circular G32 of the OHGPI.

This proposal is based on our n°FA0095300, products civil liability insurance policy "after delivery", within its terms and limitations  
To become effective, it must have been formalised in a duly signed guarantee commitment certificate.



- (1) This specification is for works to a maximum of state D according to standard ISO 8501-1:  
If corrosion exceeds the state D, the implementation of a reinforced with glassfiber Petropperl® R structure is necessary before the application of the topcoat Naphtoperl® T.
- (2) In case of sweating of steel plates loaded with oily products, observe a 48 h delay after blasting before application.  
If brown stains appear within the 48h, a new blasting of the affected areas must be done until they disappear.



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## sheet ex.nr.110B **Petroperl® / 1 glass mat / topcoat 400µ**

### Anti-corrosion reinforced protective coating

*made of:* solvent-free epoxy reinforced with 450 g/sqm of fiberglass

*for:* tanks and reservoirs

*in contact with:* petroleum products, fuels and oils, greases and paraffin hydrocarbons at  $t \leq 60^\circ\text{C}$

*substrate:* existing steel with residual thickness at all points of more than 2.5 mm

#### *Preparation as per Technical Advice nr.2*

*"Specification for preparation of steel", and as a minimum:*

- ◆ Grinding of barbs and welding projections until elimination, and of weld beads and sharp angles for softening
- ◆ Blasting <sup>(1)</sup> by any appropriate means to obtain minimum Sa 2.5 standard, with an average Medium G - Rt 50-75 microns profile
- ◆ Removal of dust with industrial vacuum cleaner
- ◆ Application while progressing and before any flash-rusting, of one stand-by coat of **Varnish ED1**, solvent borne epoxy, 30 µm dry film, 100 g/sqm

#### *System Petroperl® / 1 glass mat 450 – thickness 2 mm:*

- ◆ Uninterrupted laminate of fiberglass/epoxy **Petroperl® R**, as per *Technical Advice nr.14: Petroperl® R* coat for **impregnation**, using a roller, **600 microns, 800 g/sqm**
- ◆ M450 type glass mat, to be unrolled, and debubbled using a special roller, **450 g/sqm**
- ◆ **Petroperl® R** coat for **saturation**, using a roller, **500 microns, 700 g/sqm**
- ◆ Silica SBO to be sprinkled while progressing by mechanical projection, **400 g/sqm**
- ◆ Checking with *Technical Advice nr.3 "Performance testing"* and *nr.4 "Dielectric testing of defects as per Technical Advice nr.5 "Retouching"*
- ◆ Repair One coat of **Petroperl® T**, using airless spray or roller, **400 microns, 550 g/sqm**
- ◆ Top coat

*Application conditions: In accordance with the rules of the art and the indications of our data sheets and technical advices.*

A loss factor has to be added for practical consumption, **about 15%**, according to means and methods used.

*Guarantee: 10 years.*

In accordance with Circular G32 of the OHGPI.

*This proposal is based on our n°FA0095300, products civil liability insurance policy "after delivery", within its terms and limitations To become effective, it must have been formalised in a duly signed guarantee commitment certificate.*



- <sup>(1)</sup> In case of sweating of steel plates loaded with oily products, observe a 48 h delay after blasting before application.  
If brown stains appear within the 48h, a new blasting of the affected areas must be done until they disappear.



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## sheet ex.nr.111B **Petroperl® / 1 glass mat / topcoat 800µ**

### Anti-corrosion reinforced protective coating

*made of:* solvent-free epoxy reinforced with 450 g/sqm of fiberglass

*for:* tanks and reservoirs

*in contact with:* petroleum products, fuels and oils, greases and paraffin hydrocarbons of  $60^{\circ}\text{C} < t \leq 95^{\circ}\text{C}$

*substrate:* existing steel with residual thickness at all points of more than 2.5 mm

#### Preparation as per *Technical Advice nr.2*

"Specification for preparation of steel", and as a minimum:

- ◆ Grinding of barbs and welding projections until elimination, and of weld beads and sharp angles for softening by any appropriate means to obtain minimum Sa 2.5 standard, with an average Medium G - Rt 50-75 microns profile
- ◆ Blasting <sup>(1)</sup> of dust with industrial vacuum cleaner while progressing and before any flash-rusting, of one stand-by coat of Varnish ED1, solvent borne epoxy, 30 µm dry film, 100 g/sqm
- ◆ Removal
- ◆ Application

#### System Petroperl® / 1 glass mat 450 – thickness 2.4 mm:

- ◆ Uninterrupted laminate of fiberglass/epoxy **Petroperl® R**, as per *Technical Advice nr.14*:  
**Petroperl® R** coat for **impregnation**, using a roller, 600 microns, 800 g/sqm  
**M450 type glass mat**, to be unrolled, and debubbled using a special roller, 450 g/sqm  
**Petroperl® R** coat for **saturation**, using a roller, 500 microns, 700 g/sqm
- ◆ Checking Silica SBO to be sprinkled while progressing by mechanical projection, 400 g/sqm with *Technical Advice nr.3* "Performance testing" and *nr.4* "Dielectric testing of defects as per *Technical Advice nr.5* "Retouching"
- ◆ Repair One coat of **Petroperl® T**, using airless spray or roller, 800 microns, 1100 g/sqm
- ◆ Top coat

*Application conditions:* In accordance with the rules of the art and the indications of our data sheets and technical advices.

A **loss factor** has to be added for practical consumption, **about 15%**, according to means and methods used.

*Guarantee: 10 years.*

In accordance with Circular G32 of the OHGPI.

This proposal is based on our n°FA0095300, products civil liability insurance policy "after delivery", within its terms and limitations  
To become effective, it must have been formalised in a duly signed guarantee commitment certificate.

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<sup>(1)</sup> In case of sweating of steel plates loaded with oily products, observe a 48 h delay after blasting before application.  
If brown stains appear within the 48h, a new blasting of the affected areas must be done until they disappear.



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## sheet ex.nr.112B Petroperl® / 3 glass mats / topcoat 400µ

### Anti-corrosion reinforced protective coating

- made of:* solvent-free epoxy reinforced with 1350 g/sqm of fiberglass
- for:* tanks and reservoirs
- in contact with:* petroleum products, fuels and oils, greases and paraffin hydrocarbons at  $t \leq 60^\circ\text{C}$
- substrate:* existing steel with penetrating or localized through corrosion

*Preparation as per Technical Advice no.2*

*"Specification for preparation of steel", and as a minimum:*

- ◆ Grinding of barbs and welding projections until elimination, and of weld beads and sharp angles for softening
- ◆ Blasting <sup>(1)</sup> by any appropriate means to obtain minimum Sa 2.5 standard, with an average Medium G - Rt 50-75 microns profile
- ◆ Removal of dust with industrial vacuum cleaner
- ◆ Application while progressing and before any flash-rusting, of one stand-by coat of Varnish ED1, solvent borne epoxy, 30 µm dry film, 100 g/sqm

### System Petroperl® / 3 glass mats 450 – thickness 4 mm:

- ◆ Uninterrupted laminate of fiberglass/epoxy Petroperl® R, as per *Technical Advice nr.14*:  
One impregnating coat of Petroperl® R, using a roller, 600 microns, 800 g/sqm
- M450 type glass mat, to be unrolled, and debubbled using a special roller, 450 g/sqm  
Same operation for the 2<sup>nd</sup>, then the 3<sup>rd</sup> glass mat
- ◆ Checking One saturation coat of Petroperl® R, using a roller, 500 microns, 700 g/sqm
- ◆ Repair Silica SBO to be sprinkled while progressing by mechanical projection, 400 g/sqm with *Technical Advice nr.3 "Performance testing"* and *nr.4 "Dielectric testing of defects as per Technical Advice nr.5 "Retouching"*
- ◆ Top coat One coat of Petroperl® T, using airless spray or roller, 400 microns, 550 g/sqm

*Application conditions: In accordance with the rules of the art and the indications of our data sheets and technical advices.*

A loss factor has to be added for practical consumption, **about 15%**, according to means and methods used.

*Guarantee: 10 years.*

In accordance with Circular G32 of the OHGPI.

*This proposal is based on our n°FA0095300, products civil liability insurance policy "after delivery", within its terms and limitations  
To become effective, it must have been formalised in a duly signed guarantee commitment certificate.*



<sup>(1)</sup> In case of sweating of steel plates loaded with oily products, observe a 48 h delay after blasting before application.  
If brown stains appear within the 48h, a new blasting of the affected areas must be done until they disappear.



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## sheet ex.nr.113B **Petroperl® / 3 glass mats / topcoat 800µ**

### Anti-corrosion reinforced protective coating

- made of:* solvent-free epoxy reinforced with 1350 g/sqm of fiberglass
- for:* tanks and reservoirs
- in contact with:* petroleum products, fuels and oils, greases and paraffin hydrocarbons at  $60^{\circ}\text{C} < t \leq 95^{\circ}\text{C}$
- substrate:* existing steel with penetrating or localized through corrosion

#### Preparation as per *Technical Advice no.2*

"Specification for preparation of steel", and as a minimum:

- ◆ Grinding of barbs and welding projections until elimination, and of weld beads and sharp angles for softening
- ◆ Blasting <sup>(1)</sup> by any appropriate means to obtain minimum Sa 2.5 standard, with an average Medium G - Rt 50-75 microns profile
- ◆ Removal of dust with industrial vacuum cleaner
- ◆ Application while progressing and before any flash-rusting, of one stand-by coat of Varnish ED1, solvent borne epoxy, 30 µm dry film, 100 g/sqm

#### System Petroperl / 3 glass mats 450 – thickness 4.4 mm:

- ◆ Uninterrupted laminate of fiberglass/epoxy **Petroperl® R**, as per *Technical Advice nr.14*:  
One **impregnating** coat of **Petroperl® R**, using a roller, 600 microns, 800 g/sqm
- ◆ M450 type glass mat, to be unrolled, and debubbled using a special roller, 450 g/sqm  
Same operation for the **2<sup>nd</sup>**, then the **3<sup>rd</sup>** glass mat
- ◆ Checking One **saturation** coat of **Petroperl® R**, using a roller, 500 microns, 700 g/sqm
- ◆ Repair Silica SBO to be sprinkled while progressing by mechanical projection, 400 g/sqm with *Technical Advice nr.3* "Performance testing" and *nr.4* "Dielectric testing of defects as per *Technical Advice nr.5* "Retouching"
- ◆ Top coat One coat of **Petroperl® T**, using airless spray or roller, 800 microns, 1100 g/sqm

*Application conditions:* In accordance with the rules of the art and the indications of our data sheets and technical advices.

A loss factor has to be added for practical consumption, about 15%, according to means and methods used.

*Guarantee: 10 years.*

In accordance with Circular G32 of the OHGPI

This proposal is based on our n°FA0095300, products civil liability insurance policy "after delivery", within its terms and limitations  
To become effective, it must have been formalised in a duly signed guarantee commitment certificate.



<sup>(1)</sup> In case of sweating of steel plates loaded with oily products, observe a 48 h delay after blasting before application.  
If brown stains appear within the 48h, a new blasting of the affected areas must be done until they disappear.



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## sheet ex.nr.190B Petroperl®/1 glass mat topcoat Naphtoperl® T 400µ

### Anti-corrosion reinforced protective coating

made of:	solvent-free epoxy reinforced with 450 g/sqm of fiberglass + specific topcoat
for:	tanks and reservoirs
in contact with:	petroleum products including ethanol-containing up to E25, fuels and oils, greases and paraffin hydrocarbons at t ≤ 60°C
substrate:	existing steel with residual thickness at all points of more than 2.5 mm

#### Preparation as per *Technical Advice nr.2*

"Specification for preparation of steel", and as a minimum:

- ◆ Grinding of barbs and welding projections until elimination, and of weld beads and sharp angles for softening
- ◆ Blasting <sup>(1)</sup> by any appropriate means to obtain minimum Sa 2.5 standard, with an average Medium G - Rt 50-75 microns profile
- ◆ Removal of dust with industrial vacuum cleaner
- ◆ Application while progressing and before any flash-rusting, of one stand-by coat of Varnish ED1, solvent borne epoxy, 30 µm dry film, 100 g/sqm

#### System Petroperl® / 1 glass mat 450 / topcoat Naphtoperl® T – thickness 2 mm:

- ◆ Uninterrupted laminate of fiberglass/epoxy Petroperl® R, as per *Technical Advice nr.14*: Petroperl® R coat for impregnation, using a roller, 600 microns, 800 g/sqm M450 type glass mat, to be unrolled, and debubbled using a special roller, 450 g/sqm Petroperl® R coat for saturation, using a roller, 500 microns, 700 g/sqm Silica SBO to be sprinkled while progressing by mechanical projection, 400 g/sqm with *Technical Advice nr.3* "Performance testing" and *nr.4* "Dielectric testing of defects as per *Technical Advice nr.5* "Retouching"
- ◆ Checking One coat of Naphtoperl® T, using airless spray 45/1 minimum, 400 microns, 600 g/sqm
- ◆ Repair
- ◆ Top coat

*Application conditions:* In accordance with the rules of the art and the indications of our data sheets and technical advices.

A loss factor has to be added for practical consumption, about 15%, according to means and methods used.

*Guarantee: 10 years.*

In accordance with Circular G32 of the OHGPI.

*This proposal is based on our n°FA0095300, products civil liability insurance policy "after delivery", within its terms and limitations To become effective, it must have been formalised in a duly signed guarantee commitment certificate.*

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<sup>(1)</sup> In case of sweating of steel plates loaded with oily products, observe a 48 h delay after blasting before application. If brown stains appear within the 48h, a new blasting of the affected areas must be done until they disappear.



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## sheet ex.nr.191B Petroperl®/2 glass mats topcoat Naphtoperl® T 400µ

### Anti-corrosion reinforced protective coating

*made of:* solvent-free epoxy reinforced with 900 g/sqm of fiberglass + specific topcoat

*for:* tanks and reservoirs

*in contact with:* petroleum products including ethanol-containing up to E25, fuels and oils, greases and paraffin hydrocarbons at  $t \leq 60^\circ\text{C}$

*substrate:* existing steel with residual thickness at all points of more than 2.5 mm

#### *Preparation as per Technical Advice nr.2*

*"Specification for preparation of steel", and as a minimum:*

- ◆ Grinding of barbs and welding projections until elimination, and of weld beads and sharp angles for softening
- ◆ Blasting <sup>(1)</sup> by any appropriate means to obtain minimum Sa 2.5 standard, with an average Medium G - Rt 50-75 microns profile
- ◆ Removal of dust with industrial vacuum cleaner
- ◆ Application while progressing and before any flash-rusting, of one stand-by coat of Varnish ED1, solvent borne epoxy, 30 µm dry film, 100 g/sqm

#### *System Petroperl® / 2 glass mats 450 / topcoat Naphtoperl® T – thickness 3 mm:*

- ◆ Uninterrupted laminate of fiberglass/epoxy Petroperl® R, as per *Technical Advice nr.14: Petroperl® R coat for impregnation*, using a roller, 600 microns, 800 g/sqm M450 type glass mat, to be unrolled, and debubbled using a special roller, 450 g/sqm Same operation for the 2<sup>nd</sup> glass mat
- ◆ Checking Petroperl® R coat for saturation, using a roller, 500 microns, 700 g/sqm
- ◆ Repair Silica SBO to be sprinkled while progressing by mechanical projection, 400 g/sqm with *Technical Advice nr.3 "Performance testing"* and *nr.4 "Dielectric testing of defects as per Technical Advice nr.5 "Retouching"*
- ◆ Top coat One coat of Naphtoperl® T, using airless spray 45/1 minimum, 400 microns, 600 g/sqm

*Application conditions:* In accordance with the rules of the art and the indications of our data sheets and technical advices.

A loss factor has to be added for practical consumption, about 15%, according to means and methods used.

*Guarantee: 10 years.*

*This proposal is based on our n°FA0095300, products civil liability insurance policy "after delivery", within its terms and limitations To become effective, it must have been formalised in a duly signed guarantee commitment certificate.*

♦♦♦♦♦

<sup>(1)</sup> In case of sweating of steel plates loaded with oily products, observe a 48 h delay after blasting before application. If brown stains appear within the 48h, a new blasting of the affected areas must be done until they disappear.



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December 2024

oil and gas  
manual

## sheet ex.nr.192B Petroperl®/3 glass mats topcoat Naphtoperl® T 400µ

### Anti-corrosion reinforced protection

- made of:* solvent-free epoxy reinforced with 1350 g/sqm of fiberglass + specific topcoat
- for:* tanks and reservoirs
- in contact with:* petroleum products including ethanol-containing up to E25, fuels and oils, greases and paraffin hydrocarbons at  $t \leq 60^\circ\text{C}$
- substrate:* existing steel with penetrating or localized through corrosion

*Preparation as per Technical Advice no.2*

*"Specification for preparation of steel", and as a minimum:*

- ◆ Grinding of barbs and welding projections until elimination, and of weld beads and sharp angles for softening
- ◆ Blasting <sup>(1)</sup> by any appropriate means to obtain minimum Sa 2.5 standard, with an average Medium G - Rt 50-75 microns profile
- ◆ Removal of dust with industrial vacuum cleaner
- ◆ Application while progressing and before any flash-rusting, of one stand-by coat of Varnish ED1, solvent borne epoxy, 30 µm dry film, 100 g/sqm

*System Petroperl® / 3 glass mats 450 / topcoat Naphtoperl® T – thickness 4 mm:*

- ◆ Uninterrupted laminate of fiberglass/epoxy Petroperl® R, as per *Technical Advice nr.14*:  
One **impregnating** coat of **Petroperl® R**, using a roller, **600 microns, 800 g/sqm**  
**M450 type glass mat**, to be unrolled, and debubbled using a special roller, **450 g/sqm**  
Same operation for the **2<sup>nd</sup>**, then the **3<sup>rd</sup>** glass mat  
One **saturation** coat of **Petroperl® R**, using a roller, **500 microns, 700 g/sqm**  
**Silica SBO** to be sprinkled while progressing by mechanical projection, **400 g/sqm**  
with *Technical Advice nr.3 "Performance testing"* and *nr.4 "Dielectric testing of defects as per Technical Advice nr.5 "Retouching"*
- ◆ Checking
- ◆ Repair
- ◆ Top coat One coat of **Naphtoperl® T**, using airless spray 45/1 minimum, **400 microns, 600 g/sqm**

*Application conditions: In accordance with the rules of the art and the indications of our data sheets and technical advices.*

A loss factor has to be added for practical consumption, **about 15%**, according to means and methods used.

*Guarantee: 10 years.*

In accordance with Circular G32 of the OHGPI.

*This proposal is based on our n°FA0095300, products civil liability insurance policy "after delivery", within its terms and limitations  
To become effective, it must have been formalised in a duly signed guarantee commitment certificate.*



<sup>(1)</sup> In case of sweating of steel plates loaded with oily products, observe a 48 h delay after blasting before application.  
If brown stains appear within the 48h, a new blasting of the affected areas must be done until they disappear.



## Technical specification



The Art & Science of Risk

### Insurance Certificate – General Liability

The undersigned, SCOR Europe SE, having its head office at 5 Avenue Kléber - 75 116 Paris - France, hereby certifies that the company:

**MAX PERLES et Cie**  
4 rue du Professeur René Dubos  
60119 HENONVILLE

is insured under the policy n° FA0095300 underwritten with our company in respect of the pecuniary consequences of its civil liability risks that may incur as a result of bodily injury, material and immaterial damage caused to third parties and attributable to the activities insured by this policy.

**Activity:** Sale of products for the execution of covering work for storage and transport capacities in the field of oil and gas.

The guarantees of the contract are exercised up to the amounts indicated below:

Combined Insurance limit:

#### PUBLIC LIABILITY / PRODUCT LIABILITY

ALL DAMAGES COMBINED (bodily injured, property damages & financial losses) ..... 10 M€ per policy period

Including:

- Pure Financial Losses ("D.I.N.C.") with the amount of 5 M€ per year
- "Faute inexcusable de l'employeur" with the amount of 5 M€ per year
- Dismantling/Reinstalling costs with the amount of 5 M€ per year
- Professional liability with the amount of 2.5 M€ per year
- Pollution Sudden and Accidental (classified locations excluded) with the amount of 3 M€ per year
- Damages resulting from exports to the USA/Canada, all damages aggregate (Bodily injuries, Property damages and Financial losses): with the amount of 5 M€ per year
- Including: Pure financial losses ("D.I.N.C.") on "Loss of use" basis with the amount of 1 M€ per year

DEFENSE AND RE COURSE: EUR 30'000 per claim and per year

Limits shown above may have been reduced by paid claims.

The present certificate is valid for the period from 01/01/2025 to 31/12/2025 inclusive, subject to the payment of the premium, and subject to the possibility of suspension or termination of the policy during the policy period for the cases provided for by the French Insurance Code or the policy.

It is addressed to whom it may concern and cannot bind our company beyond the limits of the clauses and conditions of the policy that it refers to and notably with respect to the activities insured by this policy.

This certificate constitutes only an assumption of coverage. The coverage solely applies within the terms and conditions of the General Third-Party liability policy n° FA0095300

Issued in Paris, 12/12/2024

  
Alain GILLES / Technical accountant



Technical specification

## Appendix 1: Product technical data sheets

VARNISH ED1

RENDER AR100

PETROPERL®

NAPHTOPERL®T

CARBOPERL®



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advanced industrial coatings

## data sheet

December 2024

Varnish

**ED1**

Solvent borne epoxy

scope:  
**steel priming**

## CHARACTERISTICS

### Description / purpose

Priming coat for metallic substrates. To be coated over by our epoxy coatings within 3 months when outdoor and within 6 months when not directly exposed to weathering.

### Color / finish

Clear / satin

### Packaging

In 2 separate cans, pre-adjusted for 3 or 8 kg.  
Proportion, by weight: base **65** / hardener **35**

### Storage conditions

- 18 months max, in the original cans, never opened,
  - Under shelter.
  - At temperatures between 0°C/32°F et 35°C/95°F<sup>(1)</sup>.
- (1) which might increase or decrease by 10°C/50°F, once only, during a 5 days max transport time to destination.

### V.O.C. content

478.1 g/l, according to ISO 11890-1 (statistical average).

### Composition

Resin : epoxide  
Hardener : polyamide  
Pigments : none  
Solvent : mixture of hydrocarbons and alcohols

### Specific gravity (mix) at 20°C/68°F

0.95 ± 0.05 g/ml as per ISO 2811.

### Solids content (mix)

By weight : 48 % ± 2 as per ISO 3251.  
By volume : 40 % per calculation.

### Viscosity (mix) at 20°C/68°F

25 to 35 seconds, Afnor cup nr 4.

## APPLICATION

For all uses :

Refer to relevant material safety data sheets as to risk sentences and safety recommendations

### Surface preparation

On abrasive-blasted steel surfaces to Sa 2.5 minimum,  
average profile : Medium G or Rt 50-75 µ.

### Instructions for use

Ambiant temperature: 10°C to 30°C

Substrate temperature: 5°C to 45°C and 3°C minimum above dew point

Product: 5°C to 35°C

### Mixing

Stir the base to an even consistency with a power mixer.  
Then add hardener and continue stirring until a perfectly homogeneous mixture is obtained.

Potlife at 20°C: 10 hours.

### Application

Airless or conventional spraying or by brush on small surfaces. **Must never be diluted.**

### Coverage for 30 micron dry film

Theoretical : 14 sqm/kg      ♦ 71 g/sqm  
Practical : 10 sqm /kg      ♦ 100 g / sqm

### Curing

Temperature	Dust free	Recoatable mini	Recoatable maxi
10°C	30 mn	8 hours	18 hours
30°C	10 mn	4 hours	6 hours

### Precautions and safety

Flammable product. Flash point (cc) : 25°C/77°F

### Cleaning of application equipement

Flammable ED Thinner – Flash point (cc) : 25°C/77°F.

ISO 9001 certified

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## data sheet

December 2024

Render

# AR100

solventfree epoxy

scope:

*concrete and steel  
surface preparation*

## OVERVIEW

### Purpose

**Where:** Under our epoxy coating systems or under other chemically-compatible coatings.

**What:** Surfacing, rendering, filling cavities and joints, creating chamfers.

**Which:** Steel or concrete structures.

### Description

**Product :** Solventfree epoxy.

**Use :** Light or heavy local or complete rendering and filling, creation of chamfers in angles. Thicknesses up to 30mm. Vertical or horizontal.

### Properties and benefits

#### Mechanical properties :

Exceptional adhesion and sticking properties, with very high mechanical cohesion.

#### Usage properties :

**RENDER AR100** is easy to use and multi-purpose.  
It requires neither sanding nor grinding.

#### Compliance with safety and regulatory requirements:

**RENDER AR100** is **solventfree**, flash point (cc):

> 90°C/194°F

for optimal safety and minimized application constraints.

It is **aromatic amines and phtalates free** for compliance with current regulations.

## CHARACTERISTICS

### Packaging

- In 2 separate cans, pre-adjusted for 4 or 12 kg.
- Proportion by weight: base **85** / hardener **15**

### Storage conditions

- 18 months max, in the original cans, never opened,
- Under shelter,
- At temperatures of between 5°C/32°F and 35°C/95°F<sup>(1)</sup>,  
<sup>(1)</sup> which might increase or decrease by 10°C/50°F, once only during a 5 days max transport time to destination.

### Colours

Yellow ochre, approaching RAL 8001.

### Finish

Semi-mat.

### V.O.C. content

17.7 g/l, according to ISO 11890-1 (statistic average).

### Composition

Resin	:	epoxide
Hardener	:	non aromatic polyamine
Pigments	:	synthetic oxides
Filler	:	silicates/silica
Solvent	:	none

### Specific gravity (mix) at 20°C/68°F

1.90 ± 0,05 g/ml as per ISO 2811

### Solids content (mix)

- By weight : 96–100% after 6 hrs maturation - ISO 3251  
By volume : 100% per calculation

### Viscosity (mix) at 20°C/68°F

Pasty.



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Data sheet (cont'd)

Render

**AR100**

## APPLICATION

Conforming and controlled conditions during application and hardening periods are necessary to obtain required quality

For all uses :  
Refer to relevant material safety data sheets as to risk sentences and safety recommendations

### ◆ Before:

#### Surface preparation

Concrete impregnated with PRIMER EDO, AQUAPRIM or SCREENPERL® :

Refer to relevant data sheets and *Technical Advice nr 1* : « Specification for preparation of concrete ».

**Steel** : after smoothing of sharp edges, abrasive blasted surfaces to Sa 2,5 minimum. Average profile :

- In case of application of ED1 VARNISH, AQUAPRIM or SCREENPERL® primers (see data sheets) :

Medium G or Rt 50-75µ.

- In case of direct application : Rough G or Rt 100µ.

*Always apply on clean and dry substrates*

#### Products preparation

24 hours minimum before application, place the cans in a temperate area at 10°C/50°F min and 30°C/86°F max.

#### Application temperatures

**Ambient temperature:** 5°C to 35°C

**Relative humidity:** below 85%

**Substrate temperature:** 5°C to 35°C and 3°C minimum above dewpoint,

#### Product:

While mixing: 10°C /50°F mini ◆ 30°C/86°C maxi

Use : at mixing temperature

#### Mixing

- Never make up partial mixtures**, in order to avoid the risks of incorrect proportions.

- Stir the base with a power mixer to an even consistency. Then add hardener and continue stirring until a perfectly homogeneous mixture is obtained.

#### Conditions for use

- No maturing before use.
- Start the application immediately after mixing.
- RENDER AR100 should never be diluted.**

#### Application conditions

- Manual : Palette knife, spatula or trowel.
- Mechanically : Pump for paste-like product, or pneumatic double cartridge caulking gun with a static mixer

### ◆ During:

#### Potlife of mixture

10°C/50°F	20°C/68°F	30°C/86°F
4 h 00	2 h 00	1 h 00

#### Consumption / thickness per mm

1,9 kg/sqm.

This theoretical value should be increased by **10±5%** for practical consumption,, according to the nature of the substrate and the application.

#### Note:

Consumption will increase when surface temperature is < 20°C, making the product viscous.

#### Overcoating

No minimum or maximum delay after application and no particular prior conditions, except in the following case: if thickness is > 5 mm, or in the case of smoothing, there may be a rise of epoxy resin to the surface.

In this case it is necessary :

- either to sprinkle SILICA SB0 or F15 on the surface, while progressing,
- or to sand paper the surface, after at least 12/24 hours' drying according to temperature, in order to obtain a Rough G surface roughness.

### ◆ After:

#### Curing

t°	Dust free	Tack free
10°C	8 to 9 h 00	24 h 00
20°C	5 to 6 h 00	15 to 18 h 00
30°C	2 to 2 h 30	5 to 6 h 00

#### Cleaning of application equipment

Flammable ED Thinner. Flash point (cc): 25°C/77°F.

2/2

Replaces and cancels any former issue.

The above mentioned information is given with objectiveness but cannot involve our company beyond our manufacturer's responsibility.



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advanced industrial coatings

## data sheet

December 2024

# PETROPERL®

"cold applied" solventfree epoxy coating

scope:  
*O & G*

## OVERVIEW

### Purpose

**Where :** Interior of tanks, reservoirs and secondary containments.

**What :** Storage of inflammable liquids, solvents and hydrocarbons ( traditional fuels such as SP95, SP98, diesel and domestic fuels, civil and military fuels such as JET A1 and AVGAS as well as ethanol-containing fuels up to E5 and ethanol-containing diesel up to B5 ).

**Which :** Steel or concrete structures.

### Description

**Product:** solvent-free epoxy.

Designed to supply a long-lasting solution for the internal waterproofing and protection of concrete and steel tanks and reservoirs, as part of a "single-wall", multi-layer, glass-fiber or mat reinforced coating.

**Use:**

**PETROPERL® R:** Impregnation/saturation of glass mat or glass tissue reinforcements.

**PETROPERL® T:** Topcoat or single coat, in thicknesses of 400µ to 1000 µ depending on specification.

### Properties and benefits

#### Chemical performances:

S.E.A. Agreements n°55354/55355 for military fuels.  
Also suitable for contact with oils, greases and industrial water.

#### Mechanical resistance:

Especially high as a result of its resistance to cracking in a concrete substrate, of its tensile strength and of its resistance to counter pressure.

#### Surface properties:

Aspect : uniform and seamless glossy surface.  
Result : very easy to clean, no weak areas.

#### Compliance with safety and regulatory requirements:

**PETROPERL®** is **solventfree**, flash point (cc): > 90°C/194°F for optimal safety and minimized application constraints.  
It is **aromatic amines and phthalates free** for compliance with current regulations.

## CHARACTERISTICS

### Packaging

• In 2 separate cans, pre-adjusted for:

**R :** 12 kg **T :** 12 kg

Proportions by weight: **R** and **T**: base 3 / hardener 1

### Storage conditions

- 18 months max, in the original cans, never opened,
- Under shelter,
- At temperatures between 0°C/32°F and 35°C/95°F<sup>(1)</sup>,  
<sup>(1)</sup> which might increase or decrease by 10°C/50°F, once only during a 5 days max transport time to destination.

### Colours

**R** and **T**: Turquoise blue.

### Finish

Glossy with limited chalking and yellowing in operation.

### Reinforcements

Please consult us.

### V.O.C. content

**R** and **T**: 10.0/11.9 g/l, according to ISO 11890-1 (statistical average).

### Composition

Resin	:	epoxy
Hardener	:	non-aromatic polyamine
Charges	:	synthetic oxides
Solvent	:	none

### Specific gravity (mix) at 20°C/68°F

**R** and **T** : 1.32 ± 0.05 g/ml as per ISO 2811

### Solids content (mix)

By weight : 96–100% after 6 hrs maturation - ISO 3251

By volume : 100% per calculation

### Viscosity (mix) at 20°C/68°F

**R** : 5 000 mPa.s ± 1000 ◆ 50 poises ± 10

**T** : 6 000 mPa.s ± 1000 ◆ 60 poises ± 10



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Data sheet (cont'd)

PETROPERL®

## APPLICATION

Conforming and controlled conditions during application and hardening periods are necessary to obtain required quality

For all uses:  
Refer to relevant material safety data sheets as to risk sentences and safety recommendations

### ◆ Before:

#### Surface preparation

**Steel** after smoothing of sharp edges, abrasive blasted surfaces to Sa 2.5 degree minimum. Average profile:

- In case of prior application of **ED1 VARNISH** (see relevant data sheets):

Medium G or Rt 50-75µ.

- In case of direct application: Rough G or Rt 100µ.

**Concrete** impregnated with **PRIMER EDO**:

Refer to relevant data sheets and *Technical Advice nr1*: Specification for preparation of concrete.

*Always apply on clean and dry substrates*

#### Products preparation

24 hours minimum before application, place the cans in a temperate area at 10°C/50°F min and 30°C/86°F max.

#### Application temperatures

**Ambiant temperature:** 5°C to 35°C

**Relative humidity:** below 85%

**Substrate temperature:** 5°C to 45°C and 3°C minimum above dewpoint (on concrete)

#### Product ( R and T ):

While mixing:	10°C mini ◆ 30°C maxi
Spraying:	25°C to 35°C at hose exit
Manual use:	at mixing temperature

#### Mixing

- **Never make up partial mixtures**, in order to avoid the risks of incorrect proportions.
- Stir the base with a power mixer to an even consistency. Then, add hardener and continue stirring until a perfectly homogeneous mixture is obtained.

#### Conditions for use

- No maturing before use.
- Start the application immediately after mixing.
- **PETROPERL® should never be diluted.**

#### Application

**PETROPERL® R:**

- Medium bristle roller or 45:1 airless pump,
- Debubblizer roller for the glass fiber,
- Mechanical sprinkling of Silica SB 0 before drying.

**PETROPERL® T:**

- Airless spraying unit, with a 45:1 min pump ratio.
- Or medium bristle roller, for small or difficult to access areas.

### ◆ During:

#### Pot life of mixture

Grades	10°C/50°F	20°C/68°F	30°C/86°F
R	3 h 00	1 h 00	0 h 25
T	2 h 00	0 h 35	0 h 10

In case of long-lasting spraying application, the hose should be cleaned every hour with ED Thinner.

#### Number of passes

2 per coat, except in the case of multi-layer continuous application, and 1 for topcoat and singlecoat.

#### Thicknesses

**PETROPERL® R:**

They depend on the system specified and the thickness of the glass-fiber or mat reinforcement specified but are generally comprised between 2.0 and 4.0 mm, including a 300 to 800µ topcoat.

**PETROPERL® T:**

Min 400 microns - max 1000 microns, according to system specified.

#### Consumption

**PETROPERL® R:**

- 1.4 kg/sqm for a P45 fabric - 450 g/m<sup>2</sup> : 1.5 mm
- 1.8 kg/sqm for a single mat - 450 g/m<sup>2</sup> : 2.0 mm
- 3.8 kg/sqm for a triple mat - 450 g/m<sup>2</sup> : 3.5 mm

**PETROPERL® T:**

132 g/sqm per 100 microns thickness.

This theoretical value should be increased by **15±5%** for practical consumption, according to the nature of the substrate and the application.

#### Note:

Consumption will increase by 100 to 300 g/sqm when surface temperature is < 20°C, making the product viscous.

#### Cleaning of application equipment

ED Thinner. Flash point (cc): 25°C/77°F.

### ◆ After:

#### Curing

t°	Dust free	Tack free
10°C	R : 8 h 00 – T : 3 h 30	R : 24 h 00 – T : 12 h 00
20°C	R : 5 h 00 – T : 3 h 00	R : 15 h 00 – T : 10 h 00
30°C	R : 2 h 00 – T : 1 h 30	R : 6 h 00 – T : 3 h 30

**Delay before use:** 10, 7 or 4 days, depending on ambient temperature.

#### Repairs

Report to our *Technical Advice nr 5. 2*

Replaces and cancels any former issue.

The above mentioned information is given with objectiveness but cannot involve our company beyond our manufacturer's responsibility.



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advanced industrial coatings

## data sheet

December 2024

# NAPHTOPERL® T

solventfree epoxy coating

scope:  
*petroleum products & other  
inflammable liquids*

## OVERVIEW

### Purpose

**Where:** Interior of tanks in general and particularly underground metal tanks object of the French Ministerial Decree of April 18th, 2008 imposing double-wall solutions linked with leak-detection systems.

**What:** Storage of inflammable liquids, solvents and hydrocarbons, including biofuels up to E25.

**Which:** Steel or concrete structures.

### Description

**Product:** solventfree epoxy.

**Use:** Designed to supply a long-lasting solution for the internal waterproofing and protection of concrete and steel civil works either as the top coat of a multi-layer mat or glass-fiber-reinforced coating capable of resisting a certain degree of future cracking in a concrete substrate, or as the top coat of a "double-wall" coating system linked with a leak-detection system or as a single-layer coating on concrete or steel.

**Typical thickness:** 400 to 1000 microns.

### Properties and benefits

#### Chemical Properties:

- L.N.E. Lab File L060081- Doc DE/3 in accordance with French Ministerial Decree of April 18th, 2008.
- S.E.A. Agreement n°55352 for military fuels.
- I.F.P. Tests and Approval.

#### Mechanical properties:

In accordance with the 2008 French Ministerial Decree

#### Surface properties:

Aspect : uniform and seamless glossy surface.

Result : very easy to clean, no weak areas.

#### Compliance with safety and regulatory requirements:

**NAPHTOPERL® T is solventfree**, flash point (cc)> 90°C/194°F for optimal safety and minimized application constraints. It is **aromatic amines and phthalates free** for compliance with current regulations.

## CHARACTERISTICS

### Packaging

In 2 separate cans, pre-adjusted for 12 or 20 kg.

Proportions, by weight: base 1 / hardener 1

### Storage conditions

- 18 months max, in the original cans, never opened,
- Under shelter,
- At temperatures of between 5°C/32°F and 35°C/95°F<sup>(1)</sup>,  
<sup>(1)</sup> which might increase or decrease by 10°C/50°F, once only during a 5 days max transport time to destination.

### Colours

Sand-colored, approaching yellow RAL 1017

### Finish

Glossy with limited chalking and yellowing in operation.

### V.O.C. content

15.8 g/l, according to ISO 11890-1 (statistical average)

### Composition

Resin	:	epoxy
Hardener	:	non-aromatic polyamine
Pigments	:	synthetic oxides
Solvent	:	none

### Specific gravity (mix) at 20°C/68°F

1.43 ± 0.05 g/ml as per ISO 2811

### Solids content (mix)

- By weight : 96–100% after 6 hrs maturation - ISO 3251  
By volume : 100% per calculation

### Viscosity (mix) at 20°C/68°F

8 500 mPa.s ± 1 500 ◆ 85 poises ± 15

1/2

ISO 9001 certified

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## APPLICATION

Conforming and controlled conditions during application and hardening periods are necessary to obtain required quality

For all uses :  
Refer to relevant material safety data sheets as to risk sentences and safety recommendations

### ◆ Before:

#### Surface preparation

**Steel** : after smoothing of sharp edges, abrasive-blasted surfaces to Sa 3 degree, or equivalent.

Average profile:

- In case of prior application of **VARNISH ED1** or **PRIMER W1**, (see data sheets): Medium G or Rt 50-75µ.
- In case of direct application: Rough G or Rt 100µ.

**Concrete** impregnated with **PRIMER EDO** or **SCREENPERL®**

Refer to relevant data sheet and *Technical Advice nr1 "Specification for preparation of concrete"*

**Always apply on clean and dry substrates**

#### Products preparation

24 hours minimum before application, place the cans in a temperate area at 10°C/50°F min and 30°C/86°F max.

#### Application temperatures

**Ambiant temperature:** 5°C to 35°C

**Relative humidity:** below 85%

**Substrate temperature:** 5°C to 35°C and 3°C above dewpoint

#### Product:

While mixing: 10°C/50°F min ◆ 30°C/86°F max

Manual use: at mixing temperature

Spraying: at 30/35°C // 86/95°F min at hose exit.

#### Mixing

- **Never make up partial mixtures** in order to avoid the risk of incorrect proportions.
- Stir the base with a power mixer to an even consistency. Then add hardener and continue stirring until a perfectly homogeneous mixture is obtained.

#### Conditions for use

- No maturing before use.
- Start the application immediately after mixing.
- **NAPHTOPERL®T should never be diluted.**

#### Application

- 1 or 2-component airless spraying unit, with a 45:1 min pump ratio, fitted with heating hose.
- Or medium bristle roller, for small or difficult to access areas, as long as particular attention is paid to the thickness and regularity of the applied coat. This shall be followed by smoothing the surface with a flat brush.

### ◆ During:

#### Pot-life of mixture

10°C/50°F	20°C/68°F	30°C/86°F
1 h 00	0 h 30	0 h 15

In case of long-lasting spraying application, the hose should be cleaned every hour with ED Thinner.

#### Number of passes

One.

#### Thicknesses

400 to 1000 microns, according to specification.

##### Note:

Thicknesses are proposed in agreement with the method of the International standard ISO 19840:

**Do not exceed 20%** above the maximum value, except for pre-touchups and local overcoatings.

#### Theoretical consumption

143 g/sqm per 100 microns thickness.

This theoretical value should be increased by **15±5 %** for practical consumption, according to the nature of the substrate and the method of application.

##### Note:

Consumption will increase by 100 to 300 g/sqm when surface temperature is < 20°C, making the product viscous.

#### Cleaning of application equipment

ED Thinner. Flash point (cc): 25°C/77°F.

### ◆ After:

#### Curing

t°	Dustfree	Tack free
10°C	6 h 00	20 h 00
20°C	3 h 00	11 h 00
30°C	1 h 30	4 h 00

**Delay before use:** 10, 7 or 4 days, depending on ambient temperature.

#### Repairs

Refer to our *Technical Advice nr 5*.

Replaces and cancels any former issue.

The above mentioned information is given with objectiveness but cannot involve our company beyond our manufacturer's responsibility.



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## data sheet

December 2024

# CARBOPERL®

Solventfree novolac epoxy

*scope:  
oil industry*

## OVERVIEW

### Purpose

**Where :** Internal protection of capacities, primary and secondary containments, pipelines.

**What :** Contact with “green” hydrocarbons, such as ethanol containing biofuel, or diester based biodiesels.

**Which :** Steel or concrete structures.

### Description

**Product :** solventfree novolac epoxy.

**Use :** In a single layer – to avoid problems with delays between coats causing disbondings – using a high ratio airless spraying pump:

- either as a direct single coat
- or as a topcoat over a glassfibre-epoxy compound such as one of the « perl » range.

**Typical thickness:**

600 to 1000 microns, horizontally as well as vertically

### Properties and benefits

#### Chemical performance:

Suitable for straight ethanol, for ethanol/fuel mixtures, and generally for all petroleum hydrocarbons.

Evaluation has been made by IFP EN – French Petroleum Institute – New Energies.

#### Application properties:

To take advantage of the safety and the comfort of an automatic dosing and mixing process by the spraying machine, gradually as needed.

#### Surface properties:

Aspect : uniform and seamless glossy surface.

Result : very easy to clean, no weak areas.

#### Compliance with safety and regulatory requirements:

**Carboperl is solventfree**, flash point (cc): > 90°C/194°F for optimal safety and minimized application constraints.

It is **aromatic amines, phtalates and styrene free** for compliance with current regulations.

## CHARACTERISTICS

### Packaging

- In 2 separate cans, pre-adjusted for 20 kg
- Proportion, by weight: base **1** / hardener **1**

### Storage conditions

- 18 months max, in the original cans, never opened,
- Under shelter,
- At temperatures between 0°C/32°F and 35°C/95°F<sup>(1)</sup>,  
<sup>(1)</sup> which might increase or decrease by 10°C/50°F, once only during a 5 days max transport time to destination.

### Colours

Beige

### Finish

Glossy with limited chalking and yellowing in operation **especially if implementation requirements are respected.**

### V.O.C. content

17.6 g/l, according to ISO 11890-1 (statistical average)

### Composition

Resin	:	novolac epoxy
Hardener	:	non-aromatic polyamine
Pigments	:	synthetic oxides
Solvent	:	none

### Specific gravity (mix) at 20°C/68°F

1.35 ± 0.05 g/ml as per ISO 2811

### Solids content (mix)

By weight : 96–100% after 6 hrs maturation - ISO 3251  
By volume : 100% per calculation

### Viscosity (mix) at 20°C/68°F

11 000 mPa.s ± 1 500 ◆ 110 poises ± 15

A slight evolution may happen during the storage period, without any effect on the application conditions.



Technical specification

## Appendix 2: Technical advices

Technical Advice Nr. 2  
“Specification for steel preparation”

Technical Advice Nr. 3  
“Performance testing”

Technical Advice Nr. 4  
“Dielectric testing”

Technical Advice Nr. 5  
“Retouching”

Technical Advice Nr. 14  
“Application of fiberglass/epoxy laminates”



# Max Perlès

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## Technical Advice

Nr.2

December 2024

# Specification for preparation of steel

## Scope

This document describes:

- the necessary requirements, in terms of substrate surface conditions, to undertake coating work , new or remedial.
- the products to use and measures to take if such requirements are not fulfilled.

*It does not cover the structural state or strength of the steel substrate, which is presumed to comply with all applicable norms , rules and regulations.*

## Requirements

### Preparation of sheet steel :

*Must be to degree P2 as per standard NF EN ISO 8501-3.*

- Barbs, scratches or weld projections must be eliminated by chipping and grinding.
- Sharp edges and weld beads must be rounded by grinding.

### Environmental conditions:

- *All coating work must be undertaken at ambient temperature within the range indicated in the product data sheet of the chosen coating.*

Appropriate air heating or, symmetrically, air cooling and ventilation equipment must be used if necessary.

Work in cold weather on an open air surface is not recommended.

- *Always operate at a difference of at least +3°C / +38°F between the measured temperature of the steel substrate and the dew point – see standard NF EN ISO 8502-4.*

Use appropriate air heating, or deshydratation equipment if necessary.

ISO 12944 recommendations should be applied.

### Blasting:

- **Before:** if using solid abrasive material, check that it is of appropriate quality and not damp, check that the blasting equipment is operational and that air pressure at the nozzle is sufficient to cover pressure losses.
- **Implementation:** by sand blasting or hydro blasting or combined blasting until the profile and the roughness specified in our system sheet is obtained.
- **After:** vacuum-dust very carefully and eliminate all abrasive deposits , including those on the scaffolding .

*The residual dust content on the steel surface is measured according to ISO 8502-3 and must not exceed category 2.*

*The soluble salt content on the steel surface is measured according to ISO 8502-6 and 9 and must be lower than 50 mg/sqm.*

### Primer:

Immediately after blasting and before any re-oxidation, apply a 30 microns dry film thickness stand-by coat of Varnish ED1 or Primer EDA, colorless epoxies , unless our specification stipulates direct application of the coating on the blasted steel.

## Specific points

### Sheet holes:

Before applying the coating , fill all holes and craters with Render AR100, solventfree epoxy.

### Floating roof tank strut supports:

After blasting and prior to any coating, screw struts one by one and stick in place 5 mm thick prefabricated reinforced epoxy plates using Render AR100 .

Precut to a size slightly smaller than the one of the metallic reinforcement plates which may exist.

Replaces and cancels any former issue

The above mentioned information is given with objectiveness but cannot involve our company beyond our manufacturer's responsibility.

ISO 9001 certified

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# Performance testing

## Scope

This document describes the tests that must be done to carry out the reliability of the coating implementation.

They take place: . **during** the application,  
. **after** the application.

## Testing during application

### • Environmental conditions:

While progressing with humidity and temperature recording devices, placed and moved depending on work progress to ensure at all times that the dew point is not reached and the temperature ranges are met.

### • Wet film thickness:

At each coat, using a **calibrated** notched gauge, while progressing and at least once every sqm.

### • Consumption:

It is complementary to the thickness test and detects any possible discrepancy in real time.

### • Aspect :

Permanent verification that bubbles or "pinholes" do not appear and that the film presents a uniform and homogeneous surface.

## Testing after application:

### • Dry film thickness on metallic surfaces:

After physical "drying", using a magnetic sensor device, calibrated under the conditions defined by the standard ISO 19840.

### • Polymerization:

After 48 hours minimum (at 20°C // 68°F), by a test, with white cotton rubbed once on the film onto which a few drops of acetone were deposited: cotton should not show any trace of the coating colour.

### • Porosities:

Verification of the coating's dielectric sealing following the method described in our *Technical Advice nr.4* "Dielectric testing" by sweeping all the coated surfaces with an electrical brush adapted to the substrate.

*In case of linings reinforced with fiberglass fabric, this test is carried out on the laminate before topcoat is applied.*

*If the laminate is implemented on an old supposedly insulating coating, it is necessary to apply a coat of conducting interface beforehand: ref. Interface CF.*

*It is also possible to test the topcoat independently if a coat of the same Interface CF has been applied between the two layers.*

*Please consult us.*

## Repairs:

If necessary, all tests must be followed by the appropriate corrective actions:

– immediately, if tests are carried out during the application

*or*

– as described in our *Technical Advice nr.5* then re-tested in case of tests carried out after application.

Replaces and cancels any former issue

The above mentioned information is given with objectiveness but cannot involve our company beyond our manufacturer's responsibility.

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## Technical Advice

Nr.4

December 2024

## Dielectric testing

### Scope

This document describes the operation to be carried out to detect perforations, porosities, micro-cracks, conductive inclusions or other defects in a waterproof coating, whether applied on concrete or on steel. It is termed dielectric testing or holiday detection.

### Principle

With the substrate connected to ground, test the integrity of the coating by sweeping its surface with a continuously powered "brush" or "broom" probe:

A *bluish electric arc and a distinct drop in voltage* occurs in case of porosity, perforation or conductive inclusion in the coating, accompanied by a *sharp audible signal*.

**Note:** When this control is done on a multi-layer coating, a yellowish glow may be observed, accompanied by a continuous buzz of the device. This phenomenon is not in itself indicative of the presence of a porosity.

### Conditions

#### Time limit :

Dielectric testing should be performed at least 48 hours (when ambient temperature is around 20°C / 68°F) or 72 hours (at around 15°C / 60°F) after coating application.

*If the coating is multi-layer, glass-tissue reinforced this test is carried out on the coating before the topcoat (finishing coat) is applied.*

If the coating is being applied on a previously-existing, supposedly insulating coating, it is necessary to apply a coat of our conductive SCREENPERL® coating onto the old coating before proceeding with the new coating.

### Equipment

ELCOMETER or similar.

### Steps

1. Connect the equipment to ground using the ground wire

2. Power up and test the charge

3. Calibrate the equipment:

**On concrete or steel substrates :**

Apply the brush or broom to the surface of bare concrete or of bare metal and progressively increase the voltage until an audible and luminous error signal is obtained. *The value indicated at this point is considered as the tare, and must be added to the control voltage defined by the coating thickness – see NF EN ISO 29601 standard and paragraph 4 below.*

4. Set the equipment to the appropriate voltage:

Film thickness:	Test voltage:
0,5 mm	2,9 kVolts + tare
1,0 mm	5,5 kVolts + tare
1,5 mm	8,5 kVolts + tare
2,0 mm	11,7 kVolts + tare
3,0 mm	17,0 kVolts + tare
4,0 mm	22,5 kVolts + tare

5. Perform the dielectric testing :

After checking that *the coating surface is dry and clean*, the operation is carried out at a constant speed of about 5 linear meters/min :

- with a broom for large flat surfaces
- with a brush for corners and in areas with irregular profile.

*If the voltage indicated by the equipment drops to a value close to the tare value (or drops by at least two thirds of the set voltage) and the bluish arc appears together with the sharp audible signal, this indicates the presence of perforations, porosities or conductive inclusions in the coating.*

Defects detected this way are marked out for later repairs as per our *Technical Advice nr.5*. Once corrected, they too will be tested using the same process.

Replaces and cancels any former issue

The above mentioned information is given with objectiveness but cannot involve our company beyond our manufacturer's responsibility.

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# Technical Advice

Nr.5

December 2024

## Retouching

### Scope

This document describes the steps to carry out localized repairs in the following cases:

- Correction, after polymerization of the coating, of areas showing porosity, appearance or hardness defects, insufficient thickness, etc.
- Repair of accidental mechanical or chemical damages.
- Reinstating the watertightness of the coating when it has been drilled through by chemical plugging to install equipment fittings.

### Implementation conditions

Environmental conditions, including temperature and humidity, must be those specified in the relevant product data sheets.

### Surface preparation

- **Clearly delimitate** the areas to be repaired by surrounding them with adhesive tape at a distance of 5cm from the damaged or faulty spot.
- **Totally eliminate** the coating inside the delimited area, back to the substrate, by grinding.
- **Re-create** the same roughness as originally both on the bared substrate and on the adjacent undamaged areas, using appropriate mechanical means, in order to provide optimum adhesion of the new coating.

### Cleaning

Must be done on all prepared areas, ensuring elimination of pollution, dust or heterogeneous particles.

### Retouching

*Use the same coating products as initially implemented, under the same conditions.*

- **In the case of an originally airless-sprayed topcoat or single coat :**

- **homogeneous or open surfaces:**

Apply the new coating using the same machine/pump as originally, after having protected the surrounding surfaces in order to avoid the deposit of spray mist or "overspray" which can cause surface roughness which, in turn, would complicate ulterior cleaning operations and reduce the sanitary characteristics of the coating.

- **small or difficult to access surfaces :**

Apply the new coating using a flat nylon brush, followed, if necessary, by smoothing with a spalter brush.

- **In the case of an originally roller-brush applied coating :**  
Proceed exactly in the same way as with the original coating.

### At the end of the retouching operation

Remove the delimiting adhesive tape as soon as the retouching operation is finished.

Replaces and cancels any former issue

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Technical Advice

Nr.14

December 2024

# Implementation of fiberglass/binder laminates

## Scope

This document describes the operations to perform to obtain a homogeneous, reinforced, waterproof epoxy or vinylester coating.

## Process

1. **Prepare**, before starting the operation, the required quantities of fiberglass, taking into account the necessary 4 inches / 10 cm wide overlaps and all specific cuts to be done to deal with singular points (curves, rivet lines, seams, columns, penetrations, ...)
2. **Make sure** that the application work is going to be carried out in the environmental and usage conditions prescribed in the product data sheet.
3. **Proceed** with the laminate application, making sure no interruption of more than 0h30 to 3 hours <sup>(1)</sup> occurs between any two steps:
  - **Apply** a first, *impregnation*, coat of the selected resin, using a medium-bristle roller or an airless spray gun, as per the quantity specified in the system sheet.
  - **Unroll and lay-out** the fiberglass tissue or mat onto the resin.
  - **Debubblize** carefully by strongly cross-rolling the tissue or mat with a debubbling roller <sup>(2)</sup> until a homogeneous impregnation is obtained. The resin's colour must come up through the tissue/mat, more or less strongly depending on the type and weight of the fiberglass ( tissue or mat ), knowing that for example a 300 g/sqm fiberglass tissue will "sweat" more, and more easily, than a 900 g/sqm fiberglass mat.
  - **Apply** a second, **saturation**, coat of the same resin, using a medium-bristle roller or an airless spray gun, as per the quantity specified in the system sheet, preferably using new cans to benefit from a maximum period of use.
  - **Debubblize again** to ensure the resin's penetration through the fibers. At this stage, the surface aspect must be perfectly homogeneous and uniform.

4. **If specified in the system sheet being used, repeat** the operation, depending on the number of fiberglass layers specified, using each time the *saturation* coat of the previous ply as the next ply's *impregnation* coat. Shift the layers of fiberglass by half a width in order to spread out the zones of overlapping.

5. **If specified in the system sheet being used, mechanically sprinkle** the still-wet saturation coat, while progressing, with 400 g/sqm of Silica sand ( 100/300 microns in particle size for our reference F15 , 100/600 microns for our reference SBO ), respecting a minimum distance of 1m between the spray nozzle and the laminate. This in order to obtain a uniform surface roughness for proper topcoat adhesion. Use a low-pressure sand pistol.

**NB:** *Taking into account the dispersion resulting from the projection, prepare to use an effective quantity of 600 g/sqm of silica sand on horizontal surfaces, 800 g/sqm on vertical surfaces and 1000 g/sqm on roof undersides.*

6. **Proceed** in the same way on adjacent areas, being sure that overlaps is 10cm on previous tissue or mat.

7. After drying, **sandpaper or very softly grind off** all areas that stand out, such as fiberglass overlaps, for example, and then thoroughly vacuum away any dust.

8. **Carry out a general review of the coating** in order to detect any defects, as per our *Technical Advice nr.4 "Dielectric Testing"* and proceed with any corrections and repairs as per our *Technical Advice nr.5 "Retouching"*.

9. **Apply** the specified topcoat on the entire laminated surface, that must be non-condensing.

<sup>(1)</sup> Depending on the resin used and the temperature of the substrate at the time of use: if in doubt, please consult us.

<sup>(2)</sup> Polyamide, Teflon or aluminum monoblock type rollers.

Replaces and cancels any former issue

The above mentioned information is given with objectiveness but cannot involve our company beyond our manufacturer's responsibility.

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Technical specification

## Appendix 3: Reference list



references  
oil industry

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**Max  
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## References

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oil  
industry

# *Summary*

**Oil Refineries :**

**Depots :**

**Airport jet fuel depots:**

**Service station tanks :**

**Various :**



# *Oil Refineries*

## Oil Refineries – France

### *EXXON MOBIL – FOS SUR MER (13)*

Tank bottom	TK 314	1980
Tank bottom	TK 312 ( <i>part of it, only</i> )	1981
Tank bottom	TK 405 ( <i>part of it, only</i> )	1981
Tank bottom	TK 406 ( <i>part of it, only</i> )	1981
Tank bottom	TK 1102	1984
Tank bottom	TK 1708	1984
Tank bottom	TK 1601	1987
Tank bottom	TK 1602	1990
Tank bottom	TK 2001	1990
Tank bottom	TK 1501	1990
Tank bottom	TK 1701	1990
Roof tank	TK 1701	1990
Tank bottom	TK 403	1993
Tank bottom	TK 1501	1995
Tank bottom	TK 2701	1997
Roof tank	TK 2701	1998
Tank bottom	TK 2502	1999
Tank bottom	TK 1601	2000
Tank bottom and walls	TK 902	2002
Floating roof tank	TK 902	2002
Tank bottom	TK 1901	2002
Tank bottom	TK 2702	2002
Tank bottom	TK 804	2003
Tank bottom	TK 501	2004
Tank bottom	TK 1102	2004
Tank bottom	TK 2501	2005
Tank bottom	TK 409	2005
Tank bottom	TK 315	2006
Tank bottom	TK 2201	2007
Tank bottom	TK 2202	2007

### *EXXON MOBIL (zone ESSO) – PORT JEROME (76)*

Tank walls	TK 1236	1979
Tank walls	TK 1233	1979
Tank bottom	TK 2402	1979
Tank walls	TK 1820	1980
Tank walls	TK 1216	1980
Tank walls	TK 2316	1980
Complete tank	TK 508	1980
Tank walls	TK 504	1981
Tank bottom	TK 3003	1981
Tank walls	TK 511	1982
Tank bottom	TK 2314	1984
Below the floating roof	TK 2704	1984
Tank bottom	TK 3002	1985
Tank bottom	TK 6102	1986
Tank walls	TK 1235	1990

***Oil Refineries France (cont'd)******EXXON MOBIL (zone ESSO) – PORT JEROME (cont'd)***

Tank walls	TK 2314	1992
Tank bottom	TK 407	1992
Tank bottom	TK 2319	1992
Tank walls	TK 2318	1992
Tank bottom	TK 1237	1992
Tank walls	TK 1237	1992
Tank bottom	TK 2104	1992
Tank bottom	TK 1238	1993
Tank walls	TK 1238	1993
Tank bottom	TK 1408	1993
Tank bottom	TK 2319	1993
Tank bottom	TK 2322	1994
Tank bottom	TK 504	1994
Tank bottom	TK 627	1994
Tank bottom	TK 1136	1995
Tank bottom	TK 1422	1995
Tank bottom	TK 6003	1995
Tank walls	TK 6002	1996
Tank bottom	TK 2701	1996
Tank walls	TK 1225	1996
Tank bottom	TK 409	1996
Tank bottom	TK 2703	1998
Tank bottom	TK 408	2000
Tank walls	TK 1234	2000
Tank bottom	TK 178	
Tank walls	TK 178	2001
Tank bottom	TK 179	
Tank walls	TK 179	2001
Tank bottom	TK 194	
Tank walls	TK 194	2002
Tank bottom	TK 122	
Tank walls	TK 122	2003
Tank bottom	TK 6101	
Tank walls	TK 6101	2003
Tank bottom	TK 102	2007
Tank bottom	TK 1235	2007
Tank bottom	TK 1610	2007
Tank bottom	TK 193	2007
Balloons D118 and D119		2007
Tank bottom	TK 1408	2011
Tank –1 virole	TK 3728	2013

***Oil Refineries France (cont'd)******EXXON MOBIL (zone MOBIL) – NOTRE DAME DE GRAVENCHON (76)***

<i>Tank bottom 62 (part of it, only)</i>	1981
<i>Tank bottom F 7</i>	1982
<i>Tank bottom F 4 (part of it, only)</i>	1986
<i>Tank bottom 319 (part of it, only)</i>	1986
<i>Tank bottom 314 (part of it, only)</i>	1987
<i>Tank bottom 516</i>	1988
<i>Tank walls 516</i>	1988
<i>Tank bottom 517</i>	1988
<i>Tank walls 517</i>	1988
<i>Complete tank 731</i>	1988
<i>Tank bottom 9</i>	1989
<i>Tank bottom 20</i>	1989
<i>Tank bottom 928</i>	1989
<i>Tank walls 928</i>	1989
<i>Tank bottom 305</i>	1990
<i>Tank bottom 66</i>	1991
<i>Balloon 531</i>	1992
<i>Tank bottom 64</i>	1993
<i>Tank bottom 725</i>	1993
<i>Tank walls 725</i>	1993
<i>Tank walls 52</i>	1994
<i>Tank bottom 727</i>	1994
<i>Tank 76</i>	1995
<i>Tank bottom 63</i>	1995
<i>Tank bottom 307</i>	1996
<i>Tank bottom 315</i>	1996
<i>Balloon F 11</i>	1996
<i>Tank walls 723</i>	1996
<i>Tank bottom 701</i>	1997
<i>Tank bottom 60</i>	1997
<i>Tank bottom 7 (part of it, only)</i>	1998
<i>Tank bottom 10</i>	1998
<i>Tank walls 728</i>	1998
<i>Tank bottom 728 (part of it, only)</i>	1998
<i>Reactor 2D1A</i>	1998
<i>Balloon D 103</i>	1999
<i>Tank bottom 54</i>	1999
<i>Complete tank A 66</i>	2000
<i>Complete tank 906</i>	2000
<i>Tank bottom 416</i>	2000
<i>Tank bottom 413</i>	2000
<i>Tank walls 413</i>	2000
<i>Tank bottom 311</i>	2001
<i>Angle walls / Tank bottom 83</i>	2001
<i>Balloon F1</i>	2001
<i>Balloon F4</i>	2002
<i>Tank bottom and walls 15</i>	2002

**Oil Refineries France (cont'd)****INEOS (ex-BP) – LAVERA (13)**

Tank bottom B 6 (dépôt de la Crau)	1981
Tank bottom B 2 (dépôt de la Crau)	1982
Tank bottom AT 06	1982
Tank bottom CF 10	1983
Tank bottom AV 15	1983
Tank bottom B 1 (dépôt de la Crau)	1983
Tank bottom CU 14	1983
Tank bottom CU 12	1983
Tank bottom AT 20	1983
Tank bottom CO 21	1983
Tank bottom AO 04	1984
Tank bottom AO 05	1984
Tank bottom CD 04	1984
Below the floating roof Tank CD 04	1984
Tank bottom B 3 (dépôt de la Crau)	1984
Tank bottom CD 06	1984
Tank bottom DA 01	1985
Tank bottom DA 02	1985
Below the floating roof Tank DA 01	1985
Below the floating roof Tank DA 02	1985
Tank bottom CD 09	1985
Tank bottom DZ 603	1986
Tank bottom + walls CU 14	1992
Tank walls AO 05	1993
Tank walls AO 04	1994
Dessus du toit flottant du Tank AO 04	1994
Tank bottom CE 02	1996
Tank walls AO 04	1996
Tank bottom CA 09	2000
Fond and Tank walls EA 03	2001
Tank bottom AT 36	2001
Dessus du toit and des caissons du Tank CO 20	2002
Tank bottom CF 03	2003
Tank bottom CO 14	2003
Tank bottom DZ 08	2004
Toit du Tank CO 18	2004
Tank bottom CD 01	2004
Tank bottom CD 07	2004
Pied du Tank DA 02	2004
Tank bottom CO 19	2005
Tank bottom DA 02	2005
Tank bottom DZ 62	2006
Tank bottom CF 10	2006
Bottom + roof tank CO 21	2006
Tank bottom CU 16	2006
Tank bottom BP 20	2007
Tank bottom BP 13	2007
Tank bottom BW 03	2007
Tank bottom CD 02	2007
Tank bottom CG 08	2007
Tank bottom DA 02	2008
Tank bottom DA 01	2012

**Oil Refineries France (cont'd)**

**LYONDELLBASELL (ex-SHELL) – BERRE (13)**

Tank bottom T 1019	1983
Tank bottom T 3111	1990
Tank bottom T 1024	1991
Below the floating roof T 1024	1991
Tank bottom T 1030	1991
Below the floating roof T 1030	1991
Tank bottom T 717	1992
Tank T 5916	1994
Tank bottom T 1023	1995
Full tank T 11803	1999
Tank bottom T37R73	1999
Full tank T 037G64	1999
Tank bottom T3120	2000
Tank bottom T3101	2001
Tank bottom T3102	2001
Tank bottom T3103	2001
Tank bottom T1027	2003
Tank bottom T3111	2003
Tank bottom S2	2004

**PETROPLUS (ex-SHELL) – PETIT COURONNE (76)**

Tank bottom T 761	1978
Tank T 104	1980
Tank walls T 923	1982
Tank walls T 912	1982
Tank walls T 963	1983
Tank walls T 432	1983
Tank bottom T 961	1984
Tank walls T 964	1984
Tank bottom 6802	1989
Below the floating roof 6802	1989
Tank bottom 6829	1989
Below the floating roof 6829	1989
Tank bottom 6830	1989
Below the floating roof 6830	1989
Tank bottom 6815	1990
Below the floating roof 6815	1990
Tank bottom 6812	1990
Below the floating roof 6812	1990
Tank bottom 6817	1990
Below the floating roof 6817	1990
Tank bottom T 764	1990
Below the floating roof T 764	1990
Tank bottom 6820	1990
Below the floating roof 6820	1990
Tank bottom 6840	1991
Below the floating roof 6840	1991
Tank bottom 6805	1991
Below the floating roof 6805	1991
Tank bottom T 930	1991
Tank bottom T 934	1991

**Oil Refineries France (cont'd)****PETROPLUS (ex-SHELL) – PETIT COURONNE (cont'd)**

Tank bottom T 935	1992
Tank bottom T 932	1993
Full tank T 1706	1994
Tank bottom T 421	1994
Tank bottom T 966	1995
Tank bottom T 965	1997
Tank bottom T 951	1997
Tank bottom 1002	2000
Tank bottom 1001	2002
Tank bottom PB 420	2011

**SRD (ex-BP) DUNKERQUE (59)**

Tank bottom E16	1995
Tank bottom L6	1997
Tank bottom E21	1998
Tank bottom E22	1998
Tank bottom E 15	1999
Tank bottom E 17	2000
Paraffin balloons	2001
Tank bottom E 12	2002
Tank bottom E 11	2002
Tank bottom E 13	2003
Tank bottom I 31	2003
Full Tank 14 FA2	2014
Tank bottom M2	2014

**TOTAL DONGES (44)**

Tank bottom 74	1981
Tank bottom 620	1981
Tank bottom P 886	1981
Tank bottom P 888	1981
Tank bottom P 868	1983
Tank bottom P 858	1983
Tank bottom P 552	2004

**TOTAL FEYZIN (69)**

Tank bottom 383	1980
Tank bottom 364	1980
Tank 101 – bottom and walls	1980
Tank bottom 301 a	1981
Tank bottom 282	1981
Tank 102 – Dessous du toit flottant	1982
Tank 411 – Dessus du toit flottant	1982
Tank bottom 360	1983
Tank 227 – bottom & Below the floating roof	1983
Tank Stripper 64C301	1993
Full tank 228	2010
Sphere 633	2010
Tank 361 – bottom and walls	2010
Tank 363 – bottom and walls	2011
Tank 301 B - bottom	2012
Tank 102 474 – bottom and walls	2012

**Oil Refineries France (cont'd)****TOTAL FLANDRES (59)**

Tank bottom D 2	1983
Tank bottom A 302	1985
Full tank B 22	1990
Tank bottom A 13	1991
Tank bottom A 311	1995
Tank D14 – bottom and walls	2013

**TOTAL GRANDPUITS (77)**

Tank bottom 43 D 12	1990
Full tank D 72	1995
Tank bottom 320 D 107	2006
Tank bottom 320 D 66	2009
Tank 320 D 121 – bottom and walls	2012
Tank 320 D 2 – bottom and walls	2012
Tank 59 – bottom and walls	2013
Tank bottom 320 D 104	2014

**TOTAL NORMANDIE (76)**

Tank bottom A 10	1979
Tank bottom C 61	1979
Tank bottom D 52	1979
Tank bottom F 9	1979
Tank bottom F 10	1979
Tank bottom C 4	1979
Tank bottom D 20	1979
Tank bottom D 51	1979
Tank bottom A 305	1979
Tank bottom H 1	1979
Tank bottom A 457	1979
Tank bottom A 106	1979
Tank bottom E 38 Tank bottom A 202	1980
Tank bottom A 461	1980
Tank bottom A 452	1980
Tank bottom E 37	1980
Tank bottom B 16	1980
Tank bottom D 50	1980
Tank bottom A 206	1980
Tank bottom A 53	1980
Tank bottom A 902	1980
Tank bottom A 209	1980
Tank bottom A 38	1980
Tank bottom A 51	1980
Tank bottom B 9	1980
Tank bottom A 453	1980
Tank bottom B 7	1981
Tank bottom A 455	1981
Tank bottom A 114	1981
Tank bottom D 19	1981
Tank bottom B 1	1981
Tank bottom A 52	1981

**Oil Refineries France (cont'd)****TOTAL NORMANDIE (76) (cont'd)**

Tank bottom A 901	1981
Tank bottom A 16	1981
Below the floating roof Tank A 462	1981
Tank bottom A 36	1981
Tank bottom B 15	1981
Below the floating roof Tank A 309	1982
Tank bottom E 29	1982
Tank bottom A 1	1982
Below the floating roof Tank A 460	1982
Tank bottom A 460	1982
Tank bottom A 505	1982
Below the floating roof Tank A 505	1982
Tank bottom A 112	1982
Tank bottom C 56	1982
Tank bottom B 2	1982
Tank bottom A 451	1982
Below the floating roof Tank A 458	1982
Tank bottom B 10	1983
Tank bottom A 28	1983
Tank bottom B 4	1983
Below the floating roof Tank A 310	1983
Tank bottom A 210	1983
Tank walls C 61	1983
Tank bottom A 31	1983
Tank bottom B 3	1983
Tank bottom A 502	1983
Below the floating roof Tank A 502	1983
Below the floating roof Tank A 463	1983
Below the floating roof Tank A 504	1984
Tank bottom A 903	1984
Below the floating roof Tank A 30	1984
Below the floating roof Tank A 464	1984
Tank bottom A 30	1984
Tank bottom A 8	1984
Tank bottom A 32	1984
Tank bottom A 504	1984
Tank bottom A 11	1985
Below the floating roof Tank A 1	1985
Below the floating roof Tank A 455	1985
Tank bottom B 5	1985
Below the floating roof Tank A 456	1985
Tank bottom A 2	1985
Tank bottom A 456	1985
Tank bottom B 8	1985
Tank bottom A 56	1986
Tank bottom A 611	1986
Tank bottom A 609	1986
Tank bottom A 34	1987
Tank bottom A 311	1987
Tank bottom, external & central part - Tank A 55	1987

***Oil Refineries France (cont'd)******TOTAL NORMANDIE (76) (cont'd)***

<i>Tank bottom A 403</i>	1988
<i>Tank bottom A 608</i>	1988
<i>Tank bottom A 607</i>	1988
<i>Tank bottom A 42</i>	1988
<i>Tank bottom A 352</i>	1989
<i>Tank bottom A 208</i>	1989
<i>Tank bottom A 306</i>	1989
<i>Tank bottom E 32</i>	1989
<i>Tank bottom A 33</i>	1990
<i>Tank bottom A 6</i>	1990
<i>Tank bottom A 402</i>	1990
<i>Tank bottom F 62</i>	1990
<i>Tank bottom A 501</i>	1990
<i>Tank bottom A 454</i>	1991
<i>Tank bottom A 15</i>	1991
<i>Tank bottom A 506</i>	1991
<i>Tank bottom A 9</i>	1992
<i>Tank bottom A 606</i>	1993
<i>Tank bottom D 72</i>	1994
<i>Tank bottom A 10</i>	1994
<i>Tank bottom A 902</i>	1995
<i>Tank bottom A 212</i>	1995
<i>Tank bottom A 615</i>	1995
<i>Tank bottom C 4</i>	1995
<i>Tank bottom C 5</i>	1995
<i>Full Tank D 10</i>	1995
<i>Below the floating roof Tank A 209</i>	1996
<i>Tank bottom A 456</i>	1996
<i>Tank bottom B 9</i>	1996
<i>Tank walls B 9</i>	1996
<i>Tank bottom A 311</i>	1996
<i>Tank bottom A 505</i>	1996
<i>Tank bottom A 2</i>	1996
<i>Tank walls A 2</i>	1996
<i>Tank bottom D 14</i>	1996
<i>Tank bottom C 55</i>	1996
<i>Tank bottom D 70</i>	1996
<i>Tank bottom A 613</i>	1996
<i>Tank bottom B 16</i>	1996
<i>Tank walls A 34</i>	1997
<i>Tank bottom A 12</i>	1997
<i>Tank walls A 12</i>	1997
<i>Tank bottom A 455 (part of it, only)</i>	1998
<i>Tank bottom A 33</i>	1999
<i>Tank bottom A 502</i>	1999
<i>Tank A 29 : walls / bottom angle</i>	1999
<i>Tank walls B 14</i>	2000
<i>Tank bottom 501 (repairs)</i>	2000
<i>Tank bottom B 14</i>	2001
<i>Tanks E 322 &amp; E 323</i>	2010

***Oil Refineries France (cont'd)***

***TOTAL PROVENCE (13)***

<i>Tank bottom E 5 (part of it, only)</i>	1980
<i>Tank bottom B 2</i>	1981
<i>Tank bottom E 29</i>	1982
<i>Tank bottom A 307</i>	1982
<i>Tank bottom E 37</i>	1982
<i>Tank bottom A 101</i>	1982
<i>Tank bottom A 56 (part of it, only)</i>	1983
<i>Tank bottom C 23</i>	1994
<i>Tank bottom A 8</i>	1998
<i>Tank bottom A 31</i>	2008
<i>Tank bottom A21</i>	2013

## *Oil Refineries – Export*

### ***ALBATROS – ANVERS/BELGIUM***

Tank bottom TK 2603 1981

### ***NNPC – PORT HARCOURT/NIGERIA***

84 deposits : fully or partially coated depending on the stored products 1987-88

### ***SHELL PETOBRAZI – ROMENIA***

2 deposits 1998

### ***STE IVOIRIENNE DE RAFFINAGE ABIDJAN – IVORY COAST***

Tank bottom 1003 1990

Below the floating roof 1003 1990

Tank bottom A601 1991

Tank bottom A602 1991

### ***STIR BIZERTE/TUNISIA***

Tank S32 2007

### ***TEXACO GAND – BELGIUM***

Tank bottom 20/D/112 1980

### ***TEXACO – PORT PETROLIER DE ZEEBRUGGE – BELGIUM***

Tank bottom 15/D/3 1981



# *Depots*

## *Depots - France*

### ***ARSENAL DE BREST (29)***

<i>Deposit bottom R 10</i>	1987
<i>Deposit walls R 10</i>	1987
<i>Tank bottom R 25</i>	1999
<i>Sous-face du toit du Tank R 25</i>	1999

### ***ARSENAL DE CHERBOURG (50)***

<i>Deposit walls R 5</i>	2000
<i>Deposit walls R 6</i>	2000
<i>Deposit walls R 7</i>	2000
<i>Deposit walls R 8</i>	2000
<i>Deposit walls R 9</i>	2000

### ***ARSENAL DE TOULON (83)***

<i>Deposit R 9 (Park de Missiessy)</i>	1994
<i>Deposit R 2 (Park de Missiessy)</i>	1995
<i>Deposit R 12 (Park du Lazaret)</i>	1995
<i>Deposit R 6 (Park de Missiessy)</i>	1996
<i>Deposit R 3 (Park de Missiessy)</i>	1996
<i>Deposit bottom R 13 (Park du Lazaret)</i>	1997
<i>Deposit R 11 (Park de Missiessy)</i>	1999
<i>Deposit R 12 (Park de Missiessy)</i>	1999
<i>Deposit R 13 (Park de Missiessy)</i>	1999
<i>Réservoir R 102 (Parc de Missiessy)</i>	2021
<i>Réservoir R 103 (Parc de Missiessy)</i>	2021
<i>Réservoir R 104 (Parc de Missiessy)</i>	2021
<i>Réservoir R 105 (Parc de Missiessy)</i>	2021
<i>Réservoir R 106 (Parc de Missiessy)</i>	2022
<i>Réservoir R 101 (Parc de Missiessy)</i>	2022
<i>Réservoir R 107 (Parc de Missiessy)</i>	2022

### ***BOLLORÉ – METZ (57)***

<i>Tanks bottom 1, 2, 3 et 4</i>	2015/2016
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**Depots France (cont'd)****C.I.M. - LE HAVRE (76)**

Tank bottom 31	1980
Tank bottom 71	1982
Tank bottom 17	1982
Tank bottom 18	1982
Tank bottom 16	1983
Tank bottom 19	1983
Tank bottom 20	1983
Tank bottom 47	1983
Tank bottom 45	1983
Tank bottom 76	1983
Tank bottom 46	1984
Tank bottom 105	1984
Tank bottom 48	1984
Tank bottom 104	1984
Tank bottom 106	1984
Tank bottom 38	1988
Tank bottom 39	1988
Tank bottom 67	1991
Tank bottom 54	1992
Tank bottom 53	1992
Tank bottom 300	1992
Tank bottom 301	1992
Tank bottom 302	1992
Tank bottom 303	1992
Tank bottom 304	1992
Tank bottom 305	1992
Tank bottom 306	1992
Tank walls 159	1994
Tank bottom 60	1994
Tank bottom 59	1994
Tank bottom 305	1995
Tank bottom 60	1995
Tank bottom 303	1997
Tank bottom 49	1998
Tank bottom 50	1998
Tank bottom 91	1998
Tank bottom 75	1999
Tank bottom 52	1999
Tank bottom 85	1999
Tank bottom 2	1999
Tank bottom 90	2000
Tank bottom 16	2000
Tank bottom 18	2000
Tank bottom 80	2002
Tank bottom 37	2002
Tank bottom 303	2003
Tank bottom 180	2006
Tank bottom 181	2006
Tank bottom 35	2006
Tank bottom 66	2007
Tank bottom 72	2007
Tank bottom 166	2007
Tank bottom 65	2009
Tank bottom 14	2009



**Depots France (cont'd)****DEPOT PETROLIER (ex-RAFFINERIE DU MIDI) – LA ROCHELLE PALLICE (17)**

Tank bottom n° 3 1983

**DEPOT PETROLIER (ex-MOBIL) – STRASBOURG (67)**

Tank bottom n° 1 1991

**DPF (DEPOT PETROLIER DE FOS) – FOS SUR MER (13)**

Tank R10 – cold hydrocarbons, unleaded gasoline 2015

**GPVM – VILLENEUVE LE ROI (94)**

Tank bottom 206 1993

Tank bottom 14 1994

**TOTAL ACS (ex-PORT PETROLIER) – GIVORS (69)**

Tank bottom n° 1 1980

**RUBIS TERMINAL HFR (ex-C.P.A.) – LE GRAND QUEVILLY (76)**

Tank bottom 104 1989

Tank bottom 105 1989

Tank bottom 106 1989

Tank bottom 107 1990

Tank bottom n° 6 1992

Tank bottom n° 2 1993

Tank bottom n° 61 2001

**RUBIS TERMINAL T41 – LE PETIT QUEVILLY (76)**

Purge cuve 2014

**RUBIS (ex-PETROPLUS SHELL) – REICHSTETT (67)**

Tank T 498 1977

Tank bottom T 467 1978

Tank T 485 1978

Tank T 2220 1980

Tank bottom T 460 1981

Tank bottom T 423 1982

Tank T 2202 1984

Tank bottom T 103 1986

Tank bottom T 3506 1987

Tank T 496 1988

Tank bottom T 5841 1988

Tank walls T 5841 1988

Tank bottom T 5842 1989

Tank walls T 5842 1989

Tank T 3501 1989

Tank T 802 1990

Tank T 460 1995

Tank T 461 1995



**Depots France (cont'd)**

**S.E.A./SERVICE DES ESSENCES DES ARMEES – Tanks bottom in :**

CAMBRAI	1982-83
GERGY	1982-83
COLMAR	1982-83
ST DIZIER	1984
DIJON LONGVIC	1984
CAZAUX	1984
TOURS	1984
ST DIZIER	1986
LUXEUIL	1986
SOLENZARA	1986
DIJON	1986
HYERES	1986
NANCY	1986
STRASBOURG	1986
COLMAR	1986
ST DIZIER	1986
CAMBRAI	1986
LANDIVISIAU	1987
TOULOUSE	1987
MONNAIE/TOURS	1987
ORLEANS	1987
AVORD	1987
REIMS	1987
PORT ST LOUIS DU RHONE	1987
BRICY BOULET	1988
CROZON	1988
VILLACOUBLAY	1988
CAMBRAI	1989
STRASBOURG	1989
COLMAR	1989
LYON	1989
MAYOTTE (ILE DE MAYOTTE)	1989
CHALONS S/MARNE	1992
ST DIZIER	1993
GERGY	1993
MONTBARTIER	1993
CASTELSARRASIN	1993
BON ENCONTRE	1993
CHALONS S/MARNE	1994
GERGY	1994
MONTBARTIER	1994
MONT DE MARSAN	1994
ORANGE	1994
COLMAR	1994
LUXEUIL	1995
GERGY	1995
MONTBARTIER	1995
GILLOT (ILE DE LA REUNION)	1995
ROCHAMBEAUD (GUYANE)	1995
NANCY OCHEY TOUL	1995
MAYOTTE (ILE DE MAYOTTE)	1995

**Depots France (cont'd)**

**S.E.A./SERVICE DES ESSENCES DES ARMEES (cont'd) – Tanks bottom in :**

ORANGE	1996
GILLOT (ILE DE LA REUNION)	1996
EVREUX	1996
REIMS	1996
ISTRES	1997
EVREUX	1997
HYERES	1997
LA ROCHELLE PALLICE	2000
ORLEANS BRICY	2003
LAON	2004
TOURS	2004
CANJUERS	2008

**SFDM - SAINT GERVAIS (72)**

Tank bottom	2004
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**SFDM – NUISEMENT SUR COOLE (51)**

Tank bottoms A2, A5 et A8	2007
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**SEPP (ex-SHMPP) – LE HAVRE (76)**

Tank bottom D1	1992
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**SMADEC – MACON (71)**

Tanks Bottoms 2 900 m3 andt 630 m3	2009
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**S.P.M.R. - VILLETTTE DE VIENNE (38)**

Tank bottom 43	1977
Tank bottom 13	1978
Tank bottom 26	1978
Tank bottom 24	1979
Tank bottom 28	1979
Tank bottom 21	1980
Tank bottom 25	1980
Tank bottom 23	1980
Tank bottom 27	1980
Tank bottom 31	1981
Tank bottom 32	1982
Tank bottom 42	1982
Tank bottom 14	1983
Tank bottom 41	1983
Tank bottom 11	1986
Tank bottom 16	1986
Tank bottom 15	1987
Tank bottom 22	1987
Tank bottom 51	1993
Tank bottom 52	1993
Tank bottom 53	1993
Tank bottom T 650	1994
Tank bottom T 651	1994
Tank bottom T 652	1994
Tank bottom T 653	1994

**Depots France (cont'd)****S.R.P.P. - LE PORT (LA REUNION)**

Tank bottom n° 11	1987
Tank bottom n° 19	1989
Tank bottom n° 16	1992
Tank bottom n° 23	1999
Tank bottom 16	2014
Tank bottom 21	2014

**TOTAL CARLING (57)**

Tank bottom R12	2011
Tank bottom FBD607	2013

**TOTAL GARGENVILLE (78)**

Tank bottom 32 D 148	1981
Tank bottom 32 D 147	1981
Tank bottom 32 D 43	1982
Tank bottom 32 D 33	1982
Tank bottom 32 D 1	1982
Tank bottom 32 D 128	1982
Tank bottom 32 D 118	1982
Tank bottom 32 D 2	1983

**TOTAL (ex-ELF) – GENNEVILLIERS (92)**

Tank bottom n° 13	1981
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**TOTAL - IVRY S/SEINE (94)**

Tank bottom R	1985
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**TOTAL - LA ROCHELLE PALLICE (17)**

Tank bottom n° 9	1987
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**TOTAL - NANTERRE (92)**

Tank bottom n° 7	1986
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**TOTAL EPL - PORT EDOUARD HERRIOT – LYON (69)**

Tank bottom n° 20	1987
Tank bottom n° 13	1990
Tank bottom n° 33	1980

**TOTAL (ex-FINA) - PORT LA NOUVELLE (11)**

Tank bottom 7	1983
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**TOTAL (ex-STE DES CARBURANTS DU SUD-OUEST) – PORT LA NOUVELLE (11)**

Tank bottom R 24	1981
Tank bottom R 23	1982
Tank bottom R 18	1983

**TOTAL - VENIZEL (02)**

Tank B	1980
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**TOTAL – VERT LE GRAND (91)**

Tank bottom TA 5001	2007
Tank bottom TA 5002	2007

**Depots France (cont'd)****TRAPIL – Tanks bottom in:**

LANGRES - Tank 14	1974
LANGRES - Tank 15	1974
CHAUMONT - Tank 4	1974
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank D3	1975
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank D4	1975
FOS SUR MER - Tank 1	1975
LANGRES - Tank 19	1975
METZ ST BAUSSANT Thiaucourt - Tank B4	1975
METZ ST BAUSSANT Thiaucourt - Tank B6	1975
L'ESPIGUETTE (Le Grau du Roi) Tank 3	1976
LANGRES - Tank 6	1976
CHALONS SUR MARNE - Tank 6	1976
L'ESPIGUETTE - Tank 5	1976
L'ESPIGUETTE - Tank 7	1976
L'ESPIGUETTE - Tank 4	1976
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank D7	1977
LANGRES - Tank 9	1977
L'ESPIGUETTE – Tank 6	1977
DUNKERQUE – Tank 4	1977
SAINT BAUSSANT - Bac 9 park A	1977
CAMBRAI - tank 2 park 2	1977
PHALSBOURG - Tank 4	1978
DONGES - Tank 2 park B	1978
CAMBRAI - Tank 3 park 2	1978
DONGES - Tank 2 park C	1979
DUNKERQUE - Tank 3	1979
CAMBRAI - Park 2 Tank 5	1980
MIRECOURT - Tank 2	1980
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank B3	1980
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank B5	1980
CHAUMONT - Tank 1	1980
LE HAVRE - Park 1 Tank C	1980
LE HAVRE - Park 1 Tank D1	1980
LE HAVRE - Park 2 Tank D1	1980
LAVERA - Tank 1	1980
LAVERA - Tank 2	1980
LANGRES - Park 1 Tank 18	1980
LANGRES - Park 2 Tank	1980
LA FERTE ALAIS - Park 8 Tank 7	1981
DUNKERQUE - Tank 1	1981
LANGRES - Park 1 Tank B13	1981
CHALONS S/MARNE - Park A Tank A11	1981
LA FERTE ALAIS - Park B Tank B10	1981
LA FERTE ALAIS - Park C Tank C10	1981
LA FERTE ALAIS - Park C Tank C11	1981
FOS SUR MER - Tank 4	1981
PIRIAC SUR MER - Park D Tank D2	1981
METZ ST BAUSSANT Thiaucourt Park B Tank 8	1981
LA FERTE ALAIS - Park C Tank C4	1981
LA FERTE ALAIS - Park C Tank C3	1982
CAMBRAI - Park 1 Tank 1	1982
CAMBRAI - Park 2 Tank 1	1982
LANGRES - Park 2 Tank 1	1982
PHALSBOURG - Tank 3	1982

**Depots France (cont'd)****TRAPIL (cont'd) – Tanks bottom in:**

LA FERTE ALAIS - Park C Tank 5	1982
LA FERTE ALAIS - Park C Tank 6	1982
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank A1	1982
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank A3	1982
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank C1	1982
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank C2	1982
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank D5	1982
SAINT BAUSSANT - Tank 3 park A	1982
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank D1 park D	1983
L'ESPIGUETTE - Tank 1	1983
FOS SUR MER - Tank 1	1983
FOS SUR MER - Tank 2	1983
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank D6	1983
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank D7	1983
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank D2	1983
VILCEY SUR TREY - Tank 5	1983
BELFORT - Tank 2	1983
PIRIAC - Tank 1 park D	1983
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 2 park 2	1983
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 2 park A	1983
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 4 park D	1984
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 5 park D	1984
LE HAVRE - Tank 4 park 2	1984
LANGRES - Tank 11 park 1	1984
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 1 park A	1984
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 8 park D	1984
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 9 park D	1984
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 1 park D	1984
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 4 park C	1984
CHALINDREY - Tank 11 deposit 1	1984
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 1 park B	1984
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank park B	1984
SAINT BAUSSANT - Tank 12 park A	1984
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 10 park D	1985
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 11 park D	1985
VILCEY SUR TREY - Tank 2	1985
CHALINDREY - Tank 12 park 1	1985
LE HAVRE - Tank 3 park 2	1985
PHALSBOURG - Tank 2	1985
ST BAUSSANT - Tank 7 park A	1985
MIRECOURT - Tank 4	1985
ST BAUSSANT - Tank 7 park B	1985
CHALINDREY - Tank 7 park 2	1985
VILCEY SUR TREY - Tank 3	1985
DAMPIERRE - Tank 7 park 1	1985
ST BAUSSANT - Tank 8 park A	1986
VILCEY SUR TREY - Tank 6	1986
ST BAUSSANT - Tank 11 park A	1986
BELFORT - Tank 1	1986
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 7 park C	1986
LAON - Tank 1	1986

**Depots France (cont'd)****TRAPIL (cont'd) – Tanks bottom in:**

MIRECOURT - Tank 1	1986
VILCEY SUR TREY - Tank 4	1986
DONGES - Tank 5 park B	1986
LE HAVRE - Tank DE2 - park 1	1986
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 6 - park A	1986
CAMBRAI - Tank 4 - park 2	1987
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 6 - park A	1987
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 4 - park D	1987
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 6 - park D	1987
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 7 - park D	1987
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 3 - park D	1987
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 12 - park D	1987
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 7 - park A	1987
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 4	1987
ST BAUSSANT - Tank 10 - park A	1987
LANGRES - Tank 14 park 1	1987
LANGRES - Tank 16 - park 1	1987
VILCEY SUR TREY - Tank 3	1987
MIRECOURT - Tank 3	1987
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 4 - park 2	1987
DONGES - Tank 2 park C	1988
ST BAUSSANT - Tank 4 - park A	1988
ST BAUSSANT - Tank 6 - park A	1988
DONGES - Tank 1 - park C	1988
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 5 - park A	1988
LAON - Tank 2	1988
ST BAUSSANT - Tank 4 - park B	1988
ST BAUSSANT - Tank 6 - park B	1988
CAMBRAI - Tank 2 - park B	1988
LE HAVRE - Tank 5 - park 2	1988
LE HAVRE - Tank 6 - park 2	1988
DONGES - Tank 4 - park B	1988
L'ESPIGUETTE - Tank 2	1988
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 7 - park A	1988
DONGES - Tank 2 - park B	1988
LAON - Tank 3	1988
ST BAUSSANT - Tank 9 - park B	1989
ST BAUSSANT - Tank 9 - park A	1989
LE HAVRE - Tank 1 - park 1	1989
LE HAVRE - Tank 2 - park 1	1989
LANGRES - Tank 17 - park 1	1989
DONGES - Tank 5 - park C	1989
LAON - Tank 4	1989
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 8 - park C	1989
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 9 - park C	1989
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 3 - park A	1989
DONGES - Tank 6 - park B	1989
ST BAUSSANT - Tank 2 - park B	1989
BELFORT - Tank 3	1989
FOS SUR MER - Tank 2	1989
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 4 - park B	1989
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 7 - park B	1989

**Depots France (cont'd)****TRAPIL (cont'd) – Tanks bottom in:**

DUNKERQUE - Tank 3	1989
HERBLAY - Tank 4	1989
LE HAVRE - Tank 3	1989
LE HAVRE - Tank 4	1989
LAON - Tank 5	1989
PHALSBOURG - Tank 4	1989
DONGES - Tank 4 - park C	1989
CAMBRAI - Tank 3 - park 2	1990
ST BAUSSANT - Tank 4 - park B	1990
BELFORT - Tank 4	1990
ST BAUSSANT - Tank 3 - park B	1990
LE HAVRE - Tank 5 - park 1	1990
LE HAVRE - Tank 6 - park 1	1990
DUNKERQUE - Tank 2	1990
CAMBRAI - Tank 2 - park 1	1990
PHALSBOURG - Tank 1	1990
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 8 - park A	1990
FOS SUR MER - Tank 1	1990
CAMBRAI - Tank 3 - park 1	1991
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 4 - park A	1991
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 8 - park B	1991
FOS SUR MER - Tank 4	1991
LE HAVRE - Tank 1 - park 2	1991
DONGES - Tank 3 - park C	1991
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank 9 - park B	1991
DUNKERQUE - Tank 5	1992
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 5	1992
L'ESPIGUETTE - Tank 3	1992
ST BAUSSANT - Tank 1 - park B	1992
DAMPIERRE AU TEMPLE - Tank 4	1992
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 1 - park 1	1993
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 2 - park 1	1993
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 5 - park 1	1993
CAMBRAI - Tank 8 - park 1	1993
CAMBRAI - Tank 9 - park 1	1993
L'ESPIGUETTE - Tank 4	1993
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 2 - park D	1998
CHALONS S/MARNE - Tank 5 - park D	1998
L'ESPIGUETTE - Tank 7	2000
AUTREVILLE SUR LA RENNE - Tank 5	2002
PHALSBOURG - Tank 2	2004
LA FERTE ALAIS - Tank A4	2004
CHAUMONT - Tank 4	2005
LANGRES - Tank 1 - park 1	2007
VILLETTÉ DE VIENNE – Tank n°28	2009
CAMBRAI – Park D and stations 1 and 3	2011
CAMBRAI – Station n°1 – fuel rinsing tanks n° 1 and 2	2011
CAMBRAI – Station n°3 – fuel rinsing tanks n° 1, 2 and 3	2011
CAMBRAI – Park D – rinsing tanks	2011
CHALONS S/MARNE – Station n°1 – cuves de purge fuel n° 1 and 2	2011
CHALONS S/MARNE – Station n°2 – cuves de purge fuel n° 1 and 2	2011
LANGRES – Park E – cuve de purge multi-produit	2011
L'ESPIGUETTE – Purges cuves 1 and 2	2011

**Depots France (cont'd)**

**TRAPIL (cont'd) – Tanks bottom in:**

LE GRAU DU ROI – 2 cuves de purge – fuel	2011
LE GRAU DU ROI – Tanks n°1 and 2 – gasoil	2011
GENNEVILLIERS – purge cuve	2012
PETIT COURONNE (76) – Purges cuves all kind of fuel (2 tanks 300001)	2014
VILCEY SUR TREY (54) – Tank 100m3	2015
LANGRES (52) – Tank 1	2015/2016
Mirecourt (88) – Tank 2	2017

## Depots – Export

### *BELGO MAZOUT - PORT PETROLIER D'ANVERS / BELGIUM*

Tank bottom n° 23 1981

### *BP OIL UK LTD – SOUTHAMPTON / ENGLAND*

Tank 6 2007

### *IRISH SHELL – CORK / IRELAND*

Tank 10	1994
Tank 7	1995
Tank 11	1995
Tank 15	1995

### *IRISH SHELL – DUBLIN / IRELAND*

Tank	1988
Tank 4	1989
Tank 2	1990
Tank 10	1994
Tank 11	1994
Tank 12	1994
Tank 5	1995
Tank 6	1995

### *MOBIL OIL – CORYTON / ENGLAND*

Tank 52: top of the floating roof	1989
Tank 51: top of the floating roof	1991

### *PERN – GDANSK / POLAND*

Tank n°5: tank bottom and below the roof	1996
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### *SONATRACH TRC- RTO/ARZEW / ALGERIA*

Tank bottom 807	2007
Tank bottom 802	2008
Tank bottom 851	2014

### *SONATRACH TRC- RTC/BEJAIA / ALGERIA*

Tank bottom n°2A1 - Biskra	2008
Tank bottom n°3A1 - M'Sila	2008

### *SONATRACH TRC- RTE/SKIKDA / ALGERIE*

Tank bottom 105	2010
Tank bottom 106	2010

### *THE OIL AND PIPELINES AGENCY – BRISTOL / ENGLAND*

Tank n°3	1997
Tank n°4	1997
Tank bottom n°912	1997

### *TOTAL - GUAYNABO BULK TERMINAL – PUERTO RICO*

Tank bottom n°12	2011
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# *Airport jet fuel depots*



## Airport jet fuel depots - France

### *AIR BP*

LE BOURGET	1965
MARSEILLE/MARIGNANE	1987
SEMOUTIERS	1995
CLERMONT FERRAND	1996
CHAMBERY	1997
COLMAR	1997
GAP	1998
SISTERON	1998
LA ROCHELLE	1998
CARCASSONNE	1998
BEZIERS	1998
AGEN	1998
GRENOBLE	1998
DIJON	1998
NEVERS	1998
LE PLESSIS BELLEVILLE	1998

### *AIR FRANCE*

TOULOUSE MONTAUDRAN	1970
PARIS ROISSY CDG	2014

### *AIR TOTAL (with ELF AVIATION)*

AJACCIO-CAMPO DEL ORO	1971
BASTIA-PORETTA	1971
BORDEAUX-MERIGNAC	1963
BORDEAUX-MERIGNAC	1977
CALVI SAINTE-CATHERINE	2012
LE TOUQUET	2013
LILLE-LESQUIN	1963
LYON-SATOLAS	1978
LYON-SATOLAS	1980
MARSEILLE-MARIGNANE	1960
MELUN-VILLAROCHE	1966
NICE COTE-D'AZUR	1960
PARIS-LE BOURGET	1970
PERPIGNAN-LLABANERE	1963
ST DENIS DE LA REUNION	1975
SAINT ETIENNE-FRANCE BOUTHEON	1972
TOULOUSE-BLAGNAC	1965
TOULOUSE-ST MARTIN DUTOUCH	1980

### *AVIA*

GRANVILLE-MONT SAINT MICHEL	2012
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### *EXXON*

NICE-COTE D'AZUR	1996
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### *SHELL AVIATION*

PARIS-LE BOURGET	1971
MARSEILLE/MARIGNANE	1987
AEROPORT DE BREST – Cuve 10m3 Jet A1	2022

**Airport jet fuel depots - France (cont'd)****S.M.C.A. STE DE MANUTENTION DES CARBURANTS D'AVIATION**

PARIS ORLY - 9 Tank s	1959
PARIS ROISSY - 4 Tank s	1973
PARIS ORLY - 2 Tank s	1973
PARIS ORLY - 2 Tank s	1978
PARIS ORLY - 2 Tank s	1980
PARIS ORLY - 3 Tank s	1985
PARIS ORLY - 3 Tank s	1986
PARIS ROISSY - 2 Buried Tanks	1986
PARIS ROISSY - 2 Buried Tanks	1987
PARIS ORLY - 3 Tanks	1987
PARIS ROISSY - Tank 21	1989
PARIS ROISSY - Tank 22	1999
PARIS ROISSY - Tank 31	2000
PARIS ORLY - Tanks 62 and 63	2002
PARIS ROISSY - Tank 11	2003
PARIS ORLY - Tank s 52 and 53	2003
PARIS ROISSY - Tank 12	2004
PARIS ROISSY - Tank 2	2005
PARIS-ORLY - Tank 71	2005
PARIS ROISSY - Tank n°56	2010
PARIS ORLY – Tanks: n° 2, 3, 21 et 23	2014
PARIS ORLY – 9 tanks	2015/2016
PARIS ORLY – Tank 22	2016
PARIS ROISSY – Chambres Hydrant	2021

**TOTAL AVIATION**

AERODROME DE CHAUBUSSON – FONTENAY TRESIGNY	2015
AEROPORT d'Arcachon – cuve11m3 Jet A1	2022

**AEROPORT DE CALVI (20)**

AD blue tanks (6) + Jet fuel A1 tank (1) + hydrocarbon liq tank (1)	2014
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## Airport jet fuel depots - Export

### *AIR BP*

NEWCASTLE (England)	1994
PRESTWICK (England)	1996
CARDIFF (Scotland)	2004

### *AIR TOTAL*

MOSCOU-DOMODIEDOVO (Russia)	1965
KIEV-BORISPOL (Ukraine)	1966
ATHENES-CENTRAL (Greece)	1967
DAMAS-INTERNATIONAL (Syria)	1968

### *ATLANTIC POWER*

KILLINGHOLME (England)	1999
MISTERTON (England)	1999
SAFFRON WALDEN P.S.D. (England)	2002

### *AVIATION FUEL SERVICES*

LONDRES-HEATHROW (England)	1990
LONDRES-HEATHROW (England)	2004

### *B.P.A.*

BUNCEFIELD (England)	1999-2000-2001
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### *CSE AVIATION*

OXFORD (England)	1990
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### *ELF AVIATION*

TCHIBANGA (Gabon)	1976
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### *NAFTAL*

ALGER-HOUARI BOUMEDIENNE (Algeria)	2006
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### *ROMANIAN FUEL SERVICES*

BUCAREST (Rumania)	1998
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### *SADCOP*

DAMAS (Syria)	2001-02
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### *SHELL AVIATION*

ABERDEEN (Scotland)	1988
BUCAREST (Rumania)	1998
MANCHESTER (England)	1988

### *STAR OIL*

CONAKRY (Guinea Conakry)	2015 and 2018
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WESTERLEIGH (England)	2015
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# *Service Station tanks*

## Service station tanks – France

<b>AUCHAN – OSNY (95)</b>	Service station tank – gasoil	2015
<b>BP – RUE DES HAUTES COUTURES – CONFLANS SAINT HONORINE (78)</b>	Service station tank – gasoil	2015
<b>BP – A10 AIRE D'ORLEANS GIDY VERS PARIS – GIDY (45)</b>	Service station tank – gasoil	2015
<b>BP – 26 BOULEVARD CAMILLE FLAMMARION – MARSEILLE (13)</b>	Service station tank – gasoil	2015
<b>BP – 12 BOULEVARD GAMBETTA – POISSY (78)</b>	Service station tank – gasoil	2015
<b>BP – ROND POINT BONAPARTE – TOULON (83)</b>	Service station tank – Géo +	2015
<b>ELAN / STATION "1 AVENUE CORPS FRANC POMMIÈS" – FLEURANCE (32)</b>	Service station tank - gasoil	2017
<b>INTERMARCHE – SAINTES (17)</b>	Service station tank – fuel	2012
<b>TOTAL / STATION "100, RUE DE COURCELLES" – PARIS 17<sup>e</sup></b>	Service station tank – gasoil	2011
<b>TOTAL / STATION SAINT-JOUAN L'ISLE (22)</b>	Service station tank – essence & gasoil	2011
<b>TOTAL / STATION "LES DEMOISELLES" – TOULOUSE (31)</b>	3 Service stations tanks – gasoil, SP 98-95	2011
<b>TOTAL / STATION "RELAIS PONT SAINT JEAN" – VILLEFRANCHE SUR MER (06)</b>	Service station tank – SP 98-95	2011
<b>TOTAL / STATION ACCESS – NEUILLY (92)</b>	Service station tank – SP95	2013
<b>TOTAL / STATION ACCESS "BOULEVARD DE L'EUROPE" – BREST (92)</b>	Service station tank – SP95	2013
<b>TOTAL-CSTJF – PAU (64)</b>	Service station tank Hydrocarbons Lab L4	2014
<b>TOTAL – NEUILLY SUR SEINE (92)</b>	Service station tank – gazole & Géo +	2014
<b>TOTAL – A33 AIRE D'ANTHELUPT – VITRIMONT (54)</b>	Service station tank – gasoil	2016
<b>STATION ELAN - Fleurance (32)</b>	Service station tank – gasoil	2017
<b>ERI Vaugirard - Paris (75)</b>	Cuve	2019

## *Service station tanks – Export*

<i>TOTAL SOUTH AFRICA</i>	<i>61 tanks</i>	<i>since 2018</i>
<i>TOTAL BELGIUM</i>	<i>2 tanks</i>	<i>2015</i>
<i>TOTAL BURKINA FASO</i>	<i>88 tanks</i>	<i>since 2016</i>
<i>TOTAL CAMEROON</i>	<i>93 tanks</i>	<i>since 2011</i>
<i>TOTAL EQUATORIAL GUINEA</i>	<i>10 tanks</i>	<i>2020</i>
<i>TOTAL GUINEE CONAKRY</i>	<i>37 tanks</i>	<i>2019</i>
<i>TOTAL IVORY COAST</i>	<i>166 tanks</i>	<i>since 2009</i>
<i>TOTAL MALI</i>	<i>138 tanks</i>	<i>since 2008</i>
<i>TOTAL MOROCCO</i>	<i>336 tanks</i>	<i>since 2011</i>
<i>TOTAL NIGER</i>	<i>109 tanks</i>	<i>2006</i>
<i>TOTAL NIGERIA</i>	<i>60 tanks</i>	<i>2013-2014</i>
<i>TOTAL SENEGAL</i>	<i>2 tanks</i>	<i>2019</i>
<i>TOTAL UGANDA</i>	<i>7 tanks</i>	<i>since 2018</i>
<i>TOTAL TOGO</i>	<i>79 tanks</i>	<i>since 2013</i>
<i>VIVO MOROCCO</i>	<i>24 tanks</i>	<i>since 2020</i>
<i>PETROSEN SENEGAL</i>	<i>3 tanks</i>	<i>2020</i>



# *Various – France*

## Various – France

### *AERODROME – SAINT CREPIN (05)*

*Storage tank – aviation fuel* 2015

### *AUZOU CISTERNES – SAINT SAENS (76)*

*Storage tank – crude oil* 2015

### *AXÉO – EPINAY SOUS SENART (91)*

*Tank truck* 2014

### *BSN GLASS PACK – PUY GUILLAUME (03)*

*Heavy fuel tank* 2004

### *EDF - CENTRALE DE CORDEMAIS (44)*

*Heavy fuel tank n°8* 2007

*Heavy fuel tank n°9* 2013

### *EDF - CENTRALE DE POINTE JARRY – GUADELOUPE (971)*

*Heavy and domestic fuel tank* 2011

*Button heavy fuel tank nr 203* 2013

### *EDF - CENTRALE DE DEGRAD DES CANNES – GUYANE (973)*

*Tank 00GDK 001BA – heavy fuel* 2002

*Heavy and domestic fuel tank* 2005

### *EDF - CENTRALE DE LUCCIANA - BASTIA (20)*

*Heavy fuel tank* 2002

*Heavy fuel tank* 2006

*Heavy fuel tank n°1* 2008

*Light fuel tank BKO 2201* 2013

*Light fuel tank BKO 2202* 2014

*Light fuel tank BKO 2203* 2014

### *EDF - CENTRALE DE BELLEFONTAINE – MARTINIQUE (972)*

*Heavy and domestic fuel tank* 2011

### *EDF - CENTRALE DE MONTEREAU (77)*

*Oil Tanks OBK 1100 and OBK 1200* 2010

### *EDF - CENTRALE DE LE PORT – LA REUNION (974)*

*Heavy and domestic fuel tank* 1983

*Heavy and domestic fuel tank* 2010

### *EDF - CENTRALE DE VAIRES (77)*

*Oil Tank OBK 1100* 2008

*Oil Tank OBK 1200* 2009

*Oil Tank OBK 1300* 2009

*Oil Tank OBK 1400* 2009

### *EDF - CENTRALE DE VAZZIO – AJACCIO (20)*

*Tank 00GDK 003 BA – heavy fuel n°2 TBTS* 2011

**Various - France (cont'd)**

**EDF - CENTRALE DE VITRY (94)**

Tank OSPF 0108 BA – fuel 2009

**ENERGIE – NEUILLY SUR SEINE (92)**

Tank FOD 2016

**EURODISNEY – MARNE LA VALLÉE (77)**

No road diesel 2014

Tank Autovia – SP95 2016

Storage tank – gasoil 2016

**HELISTATION CHR ORLEANS (45)**

Jet fuel A1 2014

**HELISTATION CHU – TOURS (37)**

Jet fuel A1 2014

**RENAULT – AUBEVOYE (27)**

Unleaded gasoline tank 2015

**SERVICE TECHNIQUE MUNICIPAL – ANTONY (92)**

Service station tank – gasoil 2012-2013

**SIAAP – CLICHY (92)**

3 service station tanks – gasoil, SP 98-95 2011

**UNIVAR – VILLENEUVE LA GARENNE (92)**

Bottom tank n°17 – gasoil 2011

**USINE TRAITEMENT DES DECHETS / RECYCLAGE – PRUNAY SUR ESSONNE (91)**

Retention 2015

**VERMILLON – VULAINES (77)**

Hydrocarbon and deep water depots 1998

**COMPAGNIE DE CHAUFFAGE – GRENOBLE (38)**

Bac à fuel 2018

**RENNES METROPOLE – CHAUFFERIE (35)**

Bac stockage Diester 2018

Technical specification

## Appendix 4:

O.H.G.P.I 's circular G32/Rev. 13/2022

C.E.B.T.P. test report BEB6.O.3010/1



# Circulaire G32

## Rév 13 / 2022

Revêtements intérieurs  
de réservoirs et capacités en acier  
pour  
pétrole brut, fiouls, carburants  
et hydrocarbures aliphatiques

## Avertissement :

Les homologations délivrées par l'OHGPI en application de cette Circulaire sont basées sur les conditions de mise en jeu de la garantie précisées dans le Code G30, qui complète et prévaut dans le cas présent, sur le Code DGO-12.

## 0 – Préambule

### 0.1 – Objet

La présente Circulaire a pour objet de préciser quels types et durées de garanties maximales peuvent être homologués pour les protections intérieures de capacités en tous genres devant contenir du pétrole brut, des hydrocarbures aliphatiques, des fiouls et carburants, comme par exemple : essence, (tous grades y compris ceux à base d'éthanol), gazole (y compris les grades contenant des EMAG (esters méthyliques d'acides gras) à hauteur de 10% en volume maximum), kérósène, GPL.

### 0.2 – Catégories de revêtements et types de garanties : définitions

On distingue :

- 4 catégories principales de revêtements

- 1. Les revêtements à liant minéral (donc inorganique)**
- 2. Les revêtements à liant organique en phase solvant**
- 3. Les revêtements à liant organique sans solvant**
- 4. Les revêtements à liant organique sans solvant armés de fibres de verre.**

- 2 types de garanties

#### **Garantie d'aptitude :**

On entend par aptitude le fait que le revêtement soit apte à remplir des fonctions de protection des surfaces intérieures, protection anticorrosion Ri 0 incluse, et de non pollution de leur contenu, dans des conditions et pendant une durée définies.

***Peuvent y prétendre certains revêtements des catégories 2 et 3 et tous les revêtements de la catégorie 4.***

#### **Garantie d'anticorrosion :**

On entend par anticorrosion, une performance telle que définie au Code DGO-12, assortie d'un cliché d'enrouillage, pendant une durée définie.

***Les revêtements de la catégorie 1, et certains des catégories 2 et 3 sont susceptibles d'être concernés.***

### 0.3 – Définition de l'état des subjectiles non revêtus selon ISO 8501-1

Quatre degrés de rouille sont décrits, désignés respectivement par A, B, C et D.

Ils sont définis ci-dessous, et représentés sous formes de photographies au chap 6 de ISO 8501-1 :

- A** ⇒ Subjectile d'acier largement recouvert de calamine adhérente mais avec peu ou pas de rouille.
- B** ⇒ Subjectile d'acier qui a commencé à rouiller et d'où la calamine a commencé à s'écailler.
- C** ⇒ Subjectile d'acier où la calamine a disparu sous l'action de la rouille ou peut en être détachée par grattage, mais qui présente quelques chancres de rouille observables à l'œil nu.
- D** ⇒ Subjectile d'acier où la calamine a disparu sous l'action de la rouille et qui présente de nombreux chancres de rouille observables à l'œil nu.

## 0.4 – Subjectiles revêtus

Leur cas particulier est traité dans le Code G30 auquel il convient de se reporter.

## 0.5 – Préparation de surface

- Le degré de soin ne sera jamais inférieur à Sa 2½ ou DHP 4 et ≤ OF1, ou Wa 2½ L : se reporter aux documents particuliers.
- Les soudures des ouvrages neuves sont préparées au degré de soin P3 selon NF EN ISO 8501-3. Ce degré de soin ne nécessite pas l'arasage des soudures mais uniquement l'adoucissement.
- La rugosité est adaptée à l'épaisseur prévue du revêtement et est spécifiée dans la demande d'homologation : Ra, Rt ou profils de rugosité définis selon les normes NF EN ISO 8503-1 et 2. Minimum admissible : Ra 12,5µ ou Rt 75µ, ou Moyen (G).

Les degrés de soin et rugosité sont obtenus avec matériel et abrasif(s) appropriés.

- Le taux résiduel de poussière sur le subjectile est mesuré selon la norme ISO 8502-3 et ne doit pas dépasser la catégorie 2.
- La teneur en sels solubles mesurée sur la surface de l'acier selon ISO 8502-6 et 9, doit être inférieure à 50 mg/m<sup>2</sup>.

## 0.6 – Compatibilité

Le demandeur adhérent de l'Office devra s'assurer de la compatibilité du revêtement proposé avec le contenu prévu et les températures de stockage annoncées.

## 1 – Revêtements à liant minéral

### 1.1 – Etat du subjectile

Les capacités ou bacs peuvent être neufs ou en réfection, mais peu corrodés, d'une corrosion interne uniquement, et **au maximum à l'état B** défini au § 0.3.

### 1.2 – Garantie anticorrosion homologable pour des contenus à t ≤ 60°C

Aucune garantie n'est homologable pour les subjectiles grenaillés pré-peints en automatique et les primaires d'attente.

#### • Réservoir cylindrique à axe vertical et à fond plat

- Face interne de la robe :	- garantie maximum 5 ans Ri 3
- Sous face de toit flottant :	- garantie maximum 5 ans Ri 3
- Sous face de toit fixe :	- protection provisoire uniquement.
- Fond et remontée :	- protection provisoire uniquement.

• **Capacité ou citerne fixe ou mobile (cylindre à axe horizontal)**

- Neuve ou existante :	- garantie maximum 3 ans Ri 3, sous réserve de compatibilité avec les produits de nettoyage ou de lavage.
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## 2 – Revêtements à liant organique en phase solvant

### 2.1 – Etat du subjectile

Les capacités ou bacs peuvent être neufs ou en réfection, mais peu corrodés, d'une corrosion interne uniquement, et **au maximum** à l'**état C** défini au § 0.3.

### 2.2 – Garantie d'aptitude ou d'anticorrosion <sup>(1)</sup> homologable

Tableau 1

Surfaces concernées	Epaisseur nominale du revêtement <sup>(2)</sup>	Garantie maximum selon température du contenu	
		≤ 60°C	> 60°C
. Fonds	≥ 300 µm	aptitude : 2 ans, ou anticorrosion : 3 ans Ri2	
	≥ 400 µm	aptitude : 3 ans, ou anticorrosion : 5 ans Ri2	
. Robes			
. Sous-faces de toit			

<sup>(1)</sup> Se référant à un cliché d'enrouillement de ISO 4628-3

<sup>(2)</sup> Selon ISO 19840. Les maxima sont indiqués dans les fiches techniques des fabricants.

## 3 – Revêtements à liant organique sans solvant, non armés

### 3.1 – Etat du subjectile

Les capacités ou bacs peuvent être neufs ou en réfection, mais peu à moyennement corrodés, d'une corrosion interne uniquement, et **au maximum** :

- ⇒ à l'**état A, B ou C** défini au § 0.3 pour les revêtements d'épaisseur ≤ 400 µ
- ⇒ à l'**état D** défini au § 0.3 pour les revêtements d'épaisseur > 400 µ.

### 3.2 – Garantie d'aptitude ou d'anticorrosion<sup>(1)</sup> homologable

Tableau 2

Surfaces concernées	Epaisseur nominale du revêtement <sup>(2)</sup>	Garantie maximum selon température du contenu					
		$\leq 60^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 80^\circ\text{C}$		$\leq 95^\circ\text{C}$		$\leq 120^\circ\text{C}$
			Sans calorifuge extérieur	Avec calorifuge extérieur <sup>(3)</sup>	Sans calorifuge extérieur	Avec calorifuge extérieur <sup>(3)</sup>	Avec calorifuge extérieur <sup>(3)</sup>
. Fonds	$\geq 300 \mu\text{m}$	aptitude 2 ans, ou anticorrosion 3 ans Ri2					
	$\geq 400 \mu\text{m}$	aptitude 3 ans, ou anticorrosion 5 ans Ri2					
	$\geq 600 \mu\text{m}$	aptitude 5 ans, ou anticorrosion 6 ans Ri2	anticorrosion 3 ans Ri2	aptitude 5 ans			
	$\geq 800 \mu\text{m}$	aptitude 7 ans	anticorrosion 3 ans Ri2	aptitude 7 ans		aptitude 5 ans	
	$\geq 1 000 \mu\text{m}$	aptitude 10 ans	anticorrosion 3 ans Ri2	aptitude 10 ans		aptitude 10 ans	aptitude 5 ans
. Robes							
. Sous-faces de toit							

<sup>(1)</sup> Se référant à un cliché d'enrouillement de ISO 4628-3

<sup>(2)</sup> Selon ISO 19840. Les maxima sont indiqués dans les fiches techniques des fabricants.

<sup>(3)</sup> *Ou pré-isolation par un revêtement interne armé formant écran selon les indications du tableau 3, page suivante.*

**Nota :** Le masticage éventuel des points singuliers ne se substitue pas à un renfort par fibre de verre : se reporter au chapitre 4 ci-après.

## 4 – Revêtements à liant organique sans solvant, armés de fibres de verre

### 4.1 – Etat du subjectile

Il peut **avoir dépassé**, sur tout ou partie de la capacité, l'**état D** défini au § 0.3, par corrosion d'origine interne ou externe.

On qualifiera le revêtement avec la quantité de fibres de renforcement – ou armature – correspondante, selon les critères du tableau 3 ci-dessous.

## 4.2 – Garantie d'aptitude homologable

Tableau 3

Etat du subjectile	Corrosion caractérisée par des chancres ou cratères conduisant à une épaisseur de tôle résiduelle en tout point $\geq 2,5$ mm <sup>(1)</sup>			Corrosion traversante, ou caractérisée par des chancres ou cratères conduisant à une épaisseur de tôle résiduelle $< 2,5$ mm <sup>(1)</sup>		
Fibre de verre	450 g/m <sup>2</sup>			1200 g/m <sup>2</sup>		
Température du contenu (C°)	$\leq 60$	$60 < t \leq 95$	$95 < t \leq 120$	$\leq 60$	$60 < t \leq 95$	$95 < t \leq 120$
Epaisseur totale <sup>(2)</sup> minimum (mm / $\mu$ m)	1,5 1 500	2,0 2 000	2,2 2 200	3,0 3 000	3,5 3 500	3,7 3 700
dont finition mini (mm / $\mu$ m)	0,3 300	0,8 800	1,0 1 000	0,3 300	0,8 800	1,0 1 000
Garantie maximum	10 ans	10 ans	5 ans	10 ans	10 ans	5 ans

<sup>(1)</sup> Selon définition du CODRES Division 2 révision 2013 du SNCT

<sup>(2)</sup> Selon ISO 19840. Les maxima sont indiqués dans les fiches techniques des fabricants.

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A l'attention de Mme. POTELLE Valérie

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**Rapport n° BEB6.O.3010/1**

**Essais d'immersion de 2 revêtements de peinture dans  
du Superéthanol E85**

**26 juillet 2024**



Ce rapport d'essais ne vaut que pour l'objet soumis aux essais et ne préjuge pas des caractéristiques de produits similaires.

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*Le présent rapport comprend 10 pages dont 3 d'annexes*

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## 1. IDENTIFICATION DES ECHANTILLONS

### 1.1. Produit

Les essais d'immersion dans du Superéthanol E85 ont été réalisés sur deux revêtements de peinture (*Naphtoperl* et *Carboperl*) sur supports métalliques, pour une durée d'un mois à température ambiante de  $(23 \pm 2)^\circ\text{C}$ .

### 1.2. Essais

Les essais se sont déroulés du 24 mai 2024 au 24 juin 2024.

### 1.3. Corps d'épreuve

Les produits de revêtements ont été réceptionnés chez GINGER CEBTP le 21 février 2024 et enregistrés sous le numéro 149852.

Les supports métalliques ont été réceptionnés chez GINGER CEBTP le 18 avril 2024 et enregistrés sous le numéro 150316.

### 1.4. Nature des essais

Les essais sélectionnés par le client sont les suivants :

- Immersion à température ambiante dans du Superéthanol E85

## 2. CONTEXTE

La société MAX PERLES, représentée par Mme. Potelle, a sollicité le Laboratoire Mastics, Colles & Revêtements de GINGER CEBTP pour lui confier la réalisation d'essais d'immersion de 2 revêtements de peinture, de dénominations commerciales *Naphtoperl* et *Carboperl*, dans du Superéthanol E85.

Les essais ont été réalisés après acceptation du devis n°BEB6.N.0179/1 du 18 décembre 2023.

## 3. DOCUMENTS DE REFERENCE

- **NF EN ISO 2812-1** (déc. 2017) : Peintures et vernis - Détermination de la résistance aux liquides - Partie 1 : immersion dans des liquides autres que l'eau

## 4. OBJET

Le présent rapport a pour objet la synthèse des résultats constatés lors des essais cités ci-dessus.

## 5. INTERVENANTS

### 5.1. Personne effectuant les essais

- Mme LEGAY Maëva GINGER CEBTP

## 6. DESCRIPTION DES PRODUITS TESTES

Au cours de cette étude, les produits Carboperl et le Naphtoperl ont été appliqués sur des supports métal de dimensions 80 mm x 150 mm, revêtus par le client d'un vernis ED1, en conditions de laboratoire à  $(23 \pm 2) ^\circ\text{C}$  et  $(50 \pm 5) \% \text{ HR}$ .

Les applications sur la face A ont été réalisées en condition limite d'utilisation à  $30 ^\circ\text{C}$  (produit + support), comme demandé par le client. Il est toutefois apparu des difficultés pour que l'application soit homogène en raison d'une prise très rapide du produit. En conséquence et en accord avec le client, les applications sur la face B ont été réalisées en conditions de laboratoire à  $(23 \pm 2) ^\circ\text{C}$  et  $(50 \pm 5) \% \text{ HR}$ .

### 6.1.1. Carboperl

La fiche produit est présentée ci-dessous :

	Produit A	Produit B
Référence produit /n° de lot	24021305	24021306
Date de fabrication	13/02/2024	13/02/2024
Date de péremption	14/08/2025	14/08/2025
Durée de vie du produit	18 mois	18 mois
Désignation commerciale	Carboperl Base	Carboperl Durcisseur
Fonction	Intérieur de capacité et de canalisation	Intérieur de capacité et de canalisation
Nature chimique	Epoxy novolaque Oxyde synthétique	Polyamine non aromatique
Conditionnement	Bidon	Bidon
Aspect	Mat	Brillant
Taux de gachage	/	/
Ration de mélange	10 kg pour 20 kg	10 kg pour 20 kg
Temps de repos avant application	/	/

Chaque système Carboperl est composé d'une couche issue d'un mélange 50/50 de Carboperl base et Carboperl durcisseur, qui est appliqué à la brosse sur les deux faces du support. La consommation théorique à appliquer est de 1100 g/m<sup>2</sup>.

La consommation réelle des produits appliquées aux 4 éprouvettes rapportée à la consommation théorique est décrite dans le tableau ci-dessous :

Quantité appliquée par éprouvette (g)	Eprouvette 1	Eprouvette 2	Eprouvette 3	Eprouvette 4
Face A Date : 29/04/2024	10.64	10.76	10.73	10.71
Face B Date : 29/04/2024	10.73	10.59	10.67	10.60

### 6.1.2. Naphtoperl

La fiche produit du revêtement Naphtoperl est présentée ci-dessous :

	Produit A	Produit B
Référence produit / n° de lot	24021502	24021503
Date de fabrication	15/02/2024	15/02/2024
Date de péremption	16/08/2025	16/08/2025
Durée de vie du produit	18 mois	18 mois
Désignation commerciale	Naphtoperl Base	Naphtoperl Durcisseur
Fonction	Interieur de capacité et de canalisation	Interieur de capacité et de canalisation
Nature chimique	Epoxyde	Polyamine non aromatique
Conditionnement	Bidon	Bidon
Aspect	Mat	Lisse
Taux de gâchage	/	/
Ratio de mélange	10 kg pour 20kg	10 kg pour 20kg
Temps de repos avant application	/	/

Chaque système Naphtoperl est composé d'une couche issue d'un mélange 50/50 de Naphtoperl base et Naphtoperl durcisseur, qui est appliquée sur les deux faces du support. La consommation théorique à appliquer est de 900 g/m<sup>2</sup>.

La consommation réelle des produits appliquées aux 4 éprouvettes rapportée à la consommation théorique est décrite dans le tableau ci-dessous :

Quantité réelle appliquée par éprouvette (g)	Eprouvette 1	Eprouvette 2	Eprouvette 3	Eprouvette 4
Face A Date : 29/04/2024	8.90	8.69	8.70	8.72
Face B Date : 30/04/2024	9.64	8.72	8.95	8.97

## 7. PRINCIPE DES ESSAIS

### 7.1. Détermination de la résistance à l'immersion dans du Superéthanol E85 selon la norme NF EN ISO 2812-1 (déc. 2017)

A la suite de la période de séchage, les éprouvettes ont été entièrement immergées dans du Superéthanol E85 pour une durée d'un mois, à une température de  $(23 \pm 2)^\circ\text{C}$ .

Au terme du délai d'immersion, une observation visuelle a été faite pour constater les éventuelles dégradations.

## 8. RESULTATS DES ESSAIS

### 8.1. Détermination de la résistance à l'immersion dans du Superéthanol E85 selon la norme NF EN ISO 2812-1 (déc. 2017)

Les observations ci-dessous ont été réalisées sur la face A des éprouvettes. Les clichés de ces faces sont disponibles en annexe.

#### 8.1.1. Carboperl

	Observations			
	Eprouvette 1	Eprouvette 2	Eprouvette 3	Eprouvette 4
1 MOIS	RAS	RAS	RAS (défaut d'application)	RAS

#### 8.1.2. Naphtoperl

	Observations			
	Eprouvette 1	Eprouvette 2	Eprouvette 3	Eprouvette 4
1 MOIS	RAS	RAS	Petite bulle ( entourée sur l'éprouvette )	RAS

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ANNEXE 1 : PHOTOGRAPHIES DES EPROUVENTES A L'ISSUE DE L'ESSAI

Carboperl



## Naphtoperl



